## $3^{\text {rd }}$ HALF YEARLY MONITORING REPORT OF (JAMIA MILLIA ISLAMIA) <br> 

## On

MDM for the State of UTTAR PRADESH
Period: $1^{\text {st }}$ April 2014 to 30 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ September 2014
Districts Covered

## 1. AMBEDKAR NAGAR <br> 2. BAHRAICH <br> 3. BALRAMPUR <br> 4. HARDOI <br> 5. SULTANPUR

Sponsored by MHRD, Govt. of India
Prof. Shoeb Abdullah, MI Coordinator, SSA
Institute of Advanced Studies in Education (IASE)
Faculty of Education

INDEX

| Sl.No. | Particulars/Details | Page No. |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | Forward | $2-2$ |
| 2. | Acknowledgement | $3-3$ |
| 3. | General Information | $4-7$ |
| 4. | Executive Summary of all the Districts | $8-45$ |
| 5. | Annexures (b), (c) and (d) | $46-63$ |
| 6. | District (Ambedkar Nagar) 1 - Report | $64-74$ |
| 7. | MI Impression for Ambedkar Nagar | $75-78$ |
| 8. | District (Bahraich) 2 - Report | $79-89$ |
| 9. | MI Impression for Bahraich | $90-90$ |
| 10. | District (Balrampur) 3- Report | $91-101$ |
| 11. | MI Impression for Balrampur | - |
| 12. | District (Hardoi) 4- Report | $102-112$ |
| 13. | MI Impression for Hardoi | $113-115$ |
| 14. | District (Sultanpur) 5- Report | $116-126$ |
| 15. | MI Impressions for Sultanpur | - |

## FOREWORD

Jamia Millia Islamia Monitoring Institute in charge of monitoring of five districts of Uttar Pradesh feels privileged to be one of the Monitoring Institution across the country for broad based monitoring of SSA, RTE and MDM activities.

This is the $3^{\text {rd }}$ half yearly report for the year 2014 and is based on the data collected from five districts of Uttar Pradesh namely Ambedkarnagar, Bahraich, Balrampur, Hardoi and Sultanpur districts.

I hope the findings of the report would be helpful to both the Govt. of India and the State Government of Uttar Pradesh to understand the grass root level problems as well as achievement and functioning of MDM in the State and to plan further necessary interventions.

In this context I extend my hearty thanks to Prof. Shoeb Abdullah, Nodal Officer, Monitoring SSA-RTE and his team members (Dr. M. H. Quasmi, Dr. Kartar Singh, Dr. Ansar Alam, Dr. Jasim Ahmad and Mr. Shakeel Ahmad Khan) who have rendered a good service by taking pains to visit the schools located in the most inaccessible areas and preparing the report in time. I am extremely thankful to the authorities of the State office and the district offices for their unhesitating cooperation during the time of data collection.

Name: Prof. Shoeb Abdullah<br>Head Institute of Advanced Studies in Education, Faculty of Education, Jamia Millia Islamia, New Delhi - 110025

## Acknowledgement

This report would not have been possible without the active support of the State Project Office of SSA for the State of Uttar Pradesh and the district offices in respect of the districts visited. We thank the State Project Director, SSA-RTE-MDM and the District Project Coordinators of SSA-RTE-MDM for their cooperation.

Our heartfelt thanks are due to all the officials of SSA-RTE-MDM and Education Department who helped the members of the visiting team in conducting field visit and to all the headmasters and teachers in the schools visited who provided us relevant data and information.

We also thank all others who have cooperated in the Monitoring and Supervision work.
We are thankful to Govt. of India Officials, Additional Secretary (SE\&L), Director and Deputy Secretary, Under Secretary, Department of School Education \& Literacy, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Shastri Bhawan, C Wing, Room No. 405, New Delhi 110001 for providing an opportunity to undertake monitoring activities of SSA-RTE and providing funds.

We are also thankful to the SPD Lucknow Mrs. Sheetal Verma and Shree Abhinav Sinha incharge monitoring SSA Lucknow.
We also pay our thanks to the BSA, ABSA and other BSA officials of Ambedkar Nagar, Bahraich, Balrampur, Hardoi and Sultanpur districts of Uttar Pradesh for co-opperation.

We also pay our thanks to Mr. S. Ghosh, the Project Manager SSA, Mr. K. Girija Shankar Senior Consultant(Monitoring)SSA, EdCIL(India) Limited, Technical Support Group, Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan, Vijaya Building, 5th Floor, 17- Barakhamba Road, New Delhi-110001 for looking after the Monitoring Institution activities and their staffs for continuing support and valuable guidance from time to time.

Name of the Nodal Officer: Prof. Shoeb Abdullah<br>Designation as per the institution: Head IASE, Faculty of Education, JMI By MHRD Designation provided: MI Coordinator, SSA, RTE, MDM

## $3^{\text {rd }}$ Half Yearly Monitoring Report of IASE

Jamia Millia Islamia<br>New Delhi

On

## MDM for the State of Uttar Pradesh for the period of

$1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2014 to $30^{\text {th }}$ September, 2014

## 1. General Information




|  |  | 2. Bahraich <br> 3. Balrampur <br> 4. Hardoi <br> 5. Sultanpur | $\begin{aligned} & =8 \\ & =7 \\ & =8 \\ & =10 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| d) | School sanctioned with Civil Works | 1. Ambedkar Nagar <br> 2. Bahraich <br> 3. Balrampur <br> 4. Hardoi <br> 5. Sultanpur | $\begin{aligned} & =0 \\ & =0 \\ & =0 \\ & =0 \\ & =0 \end{aligned}$ |
| e) | School from NPEGEL <br> Blocks | 1. Ambedkar Nagar <br> 2. Bahraich <br> 3. Balrampur <br> 4. Hardoi <br> 5. Sultanpur | $\begin{aligned} & =4 \\ & =1 \\ & =3 \\ & =2 \\ & =13 \end{aligned}$ |
| f) | Schools having CWSN | 1. Ambedkar Nagar <br> 2. Bahraich <br> 3. Balrampur <br> 4. Hardoi <br> 5. Sultanpur | $\begin{aligned} & =14 \\ & =10 \\ & =7 \\ & =11 \\ & =11 \end{aligned}$ |
| g) | School covered under CAL programme | 1. Ambedkar Nagar <br> 2. Bahraich <br> 3. Balrampur <br> 4. Hardoi <br> 5. Sultanpur | $\begin{aligned} & =6 \\ & =8 \\ & =2 \\ & =7 \\ & =6 \end{aligned}$ |
| h) | KGBVs | 1. Ambedkar Nagar <br> 2. Bahraich <br> 3. Balrampur <br> 4. Hardoi <br> 5. Sultanpur | $\begin{aligned} & =7 \\ & =7 \\ & =6 \\ & =13 \\ & =7 \end{aligned}$ |
| 10. | Number of schools visited by Nodal Officer of the Monitoring Institute |  | 15 |
| 11. | Whether the draft report has been shared with the SPO : YES / NO |  | Yes |
| 12. | After submission of the draft report to the SPO whether the MI has received any comments from the SPO: YES / NO |  | Yes |
| 13. | Before sending the reports to the GOI whether the MI has shared the report with SPO: YES / NO |  | Yes |

14. Details regarding discussion held with state officials: No remarks sent
15. Selection Criteria for Schools

The following criteria were used in the selection of schools:
(a) Higher gender gap in enrolment,
(b) Higher proportion of SC/ST students,
(c) Low retention rate and higher drop-out rate
(d) The school has a minimum of three CWSN.
(e) The habitation where the school is located at has sizeable number of OoSC.
(f) The habitations where the school is located at witnesses in-bound and out-bound seasonal migration,
(g) The ward/unit of planning where the school is located at is known to have sizeable number of urban deprived children.
(h) The school is located in a forest or far flung area.
(i) The habitation where the school is located at witnesses recurrent floods or some other natural calamity.
(j) The MIs also ensured that at least 8 out of 40 schools are from urban areas, 6 are with Special Training Centers ( 3 residential and 3 non-residential) attached to it, 2 have civil works sanctioned for them, 2 are from NPEGEL blocks 3 have a minimum of 3 CWSN (priority to those having other than OI children) and 3 each are covered under the Computer Aided Learning (CAL) and KGBV scheme.
(k) The selection of schools was done on the basis of the latest school report card generated through DISE, HHS data and consultation with the district SSA functionaries.

## 16. Items to be attached with the report:

a) List of Schools with DISE code visited by MI.
b) Name, Designations \& address of persons contacted.
c) Copy of Office order, notification etc. discussed in the report.
d) Any other relevant documents.

## Executive summary of MDM Report

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sl } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ | Intervention \& sub activity | District | Strengths | Weaknesses |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 11.1 Buffer stock for one month available | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | Out of 40 schools 29 (72.5\%) reported that they have buffer stock for one month | Only 11 (27.5\%) schools reported that they have no buffer stock |
|  |  | BAHRAICH | Out of 40 schools 7 (17.5\%) reported that they have buffer stock for one month | Only 33 (82.5\%) schools reported that they have not buffer stock |
|  |  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools 7 (17.5\%) reported that they have buffer stock for one month | Only 33 (82.5\%) schools reported that they have not buffer stock |
|  |  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools 8 (20\%) reported that they have buffer stock for one month | Only 32 ( $80 \%$ ) schools reported that they have not buffer stock |
|  |  | SULTANPUR | Out of 40 schools 10 (25\%) reported that they have buffer stock for one month | Only 30 (75\%) schools reported that they have not buffer stock |
|  | 11.2 Delivered by lifting agency | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | Out of 40 schools 35 (87.5\%) reported that foodgrain is delivered at school by lifting agency. | 5 (12.5\%) schools reported that foodgrains is not delivered by lifting agency. |
|  |  | BAHRAICH | Out of 40 schools 26 (65\%) reported that foodgrain is delivered at school by lifting agency. | 14 (35\%) schools reported that foodgrains is not delivered by lifting agency. |
|  |  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools 29 (72.5\%) reported that foodgrain is delivered at school by lifting agency. | 11 (27.5\%) schools reported that foodgrains is not delivered by lifting agency. |


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools $33(82.5 \%)$ <br> reported that foodgrain is <br> delivered at school by lifting <br> agency. |



|  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools only 24 (60\%) schools reported that state is releasing funds in advance | 16 (40\%) schools reported that state is not releasing funds in advance. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SULTANPUR | Out of 40 schools only 28 (70\%) schools reported that state is releasing funds in advance | 12 (30\%) schools reported that state is not releasing funds in advance. |
| 11.5 Who engages cook. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | Out of 40 schools cook is engaged by VEC in 14 (35\%) schools, by SMC in 17 <br> (42.5\%) schools, by SHG in 1(2.5\%) school, by PRI in 8 (20\%) schools. |  |
|  | BAHRAICH | Out of 40 schools cook is engaged by VEC in 10 (25\%) schools, by SMC in 19 (47.5\%) schools, by SHG in $1(2.5 \%)$ school, by PRI in 2 (5\%) schools |  |
|  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools cook is engaged by VEC in 9 (22.5\%) schools, by SMC in 16 (40\%) schools, by PRI in 11 (27.5\%) schools. |  |
|  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools cook is engaged by VEC in 20 (50\%) schools, by SMC in 18 (45\%) schools. |  |
|  | SULTANPUR | Out of 40 schools cook is engaged by VEC in 20 ( $50 \%$ ) schools, by SMC in 9 (22.5\%) schools, by SHG in 1 (2.5\%) school. | . |
| 11.6 <br> Appointment of cook and honorarium | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | Out of 40 schools 16(40\%) schools have reported that cook is appointed as per Government of India norms. | 24 (60\%) schools have reported that cook is not appointed as per Government of India |


|  |  |  | 34 (85\%) schools reported that cook is paid honorarium. Out of 40 schools 31 (77.5\%) reported that honorarium Rs. 1000 is paid to cook. Out of 40 schools 34 ( $85 \%$ ) reported that cook is paid regularly. <br> The mode of payment to cook is by Cheque in 38 ( $95 \%$ ) schools and by cash in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools. | norms. 9 (22.5\%) schools reported that cook is not paid honorarium. <br> The cooks are not paid regularly in 6 (15\%) schools. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | BAHRAICH | Out of 40 schools 6 (15\%) schools have reported that cook is appointed as per Government of India norms. 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools reported that cook is paid honorarium. Out of 40 schools 30 ( $75 \%$ ) reported that honorarium Rs. 1000 is paid to cook. Out of 40 schools 29 ( $72.5 \%$ ) reported that cook is paid regularly. The mode of payment to cook is by Cheque in 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools and by cash in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools. | 34 (85\%) schools have reported that cook is not appointed as per Government of India norms. 5 (12.5\%) schools reported that cook is not paid honorarium. <br> The cooks are not paid regularly in 11 (27.5\%) schools. |
|  |  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools 10 (25\%) schools have reported that cook is appointed as per Government of India norms. 29 (72.5\%) schools reported that cook is paid honorarium. Out of 40 schools 30 (75\%) reported that honorarium Rs. 1000 is paid to cook. Out of 40 schools 28 ( $70 \%$ ) reported that cook is paid regularly. <br> The mode of payment to cook | Only 30 (75\%) schools have reported that cook is not appointed as per Government of India norms. 11 (27.5\%) schools reported that cook is not paid honorarium. <br> The cooks are not paid regularly in 12 (30\%) schools. |


|  |  | is by Cheque in 38 ( $90 \%$ ) schools. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools 11 (27.5\%) schools have reported that cook is appointed as per Government of India norms. 35 (87.5\%) schools reported that cook is paid honorarium. Out of 40 schools 36 ( $90 \%$ ) reported that honorarium Rs. 1000 is paid to cook. Out of 40 schools 18 (45\%) reported that cook is paid regularly. The mode of payment to cook is by Cheque in 34 ( $85 \%$ ) schools and by cash in 5 (12.5\%) schools. | Only 29 (72.5\%) schools have reported that cook is not appointed as per Government of India norms. 5 (12.5\%) schools reported that cook is not paid honorarium. <br> The cooks are not paid regularly in 22 (55\%) schools. |
|  | SULTANPUR | Out of 40 schools 8(20\%) schools have reported that cook is appointed as per Government of India norms. 40 (100\%) schools reported that cook is paid honorarium. Out of 40 schools 21 (52.5\%) reported that honorarium Rs. 1000 is paid to cook. Out of 40 schools 35 (87.5\%) reported that cook is paid regularly. The mode of payment to cook is by Cheque in 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools and by cash in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools. | 32 ( $80 \%$ ) schools have reported that cook is not appointed as per Government of India norms. <br> The cooks are not paid regularly in 4 (10\%) schools. |
| $11.7 \quad$ Social Composition of cook and health check up of cook | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ \text { NAGAR } \end{array}$ | Out of 40 schools 28 (70\%) schools engaged as cooks OBC persons, 7 (17.5\%) schools engaged SC person as cook, 1 (2.5\%) school | Training to cook is provided only in 32 (80\%) schools and training module is available in 26 (65\%) |


|  |  |  | engaged minority as cook. Health check up of cook is done in 18 (45\%) schools. | schools. Almost in 14 (35\%) schools training is not provided nor training module is available. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | BAHRAICH | Out of 40 schools 30 (75\%) schools engaged as cooks OBC persons, 3 (7.5\%) schools engaged SC person as cook, 1 (2.5\%) school engaged minority as cook. Health check up of cook is done in 14 (35\%) schools. | Training to cook is provided only in 2 (5\%) schools and training module is available in 3 (7.5\%) schools. Almost in 37 (92.5\%) schools training is not provided nor training module is available. |
|  |  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools 30 (75\%) schools engaged as cooks OBC persons, 3 (7.5\%) school engaged cook from SC. Health check up of cook is done in 9 (22.5\%) schools. | Training to cook is provided only in 8 (20\%) schools and training module is available in 7 (17.5\%) schools. Out of 40 schools 25 (62.5) schools cooks have not been provided training and 32 ( $80 \%$ ) schools have no training module. |
|  |  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools 38 (95\%) schools engaged as cooks OBC persons, 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) school engaged minority as cook. <br> Health check up of cook is done in 9 (22.5\%) schools. | Training to cook is   <br> provided only in 26  <br> $(65 \%)$ schools and <br> training module is <br> available in 24 $(60 \%)$  <br> schools. Out of 40  <br> schools in 14 $(35)$  <br> schools cooks have not   <br> been provided training   <br> and 16 (40\%) schools   <br> have no training module   <br> for cooks training.   |
|  |  | SULTANPUR | Out of 40 schools 36 ( $90 \%$ ) schools engaged as cooks OBC persons, 3 (7.5\%) school engaged as cook SC | Training to cook is provided only in 5 (12.5\%) schools and training module is |


|  |  |  | person as cook. <br> Health check up of cook is done in 11 (27.5\%) schools. | available in 7 (17.5\%) <br> schools. Out of 40 <br> schools 35 (87.5\%) <br> schools cooks have not been provided training and 33 ( $82.5 \%$ ) schools have no training module. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 12.1 Quantity and Quality of meal | AMBEDKAR NAGAR | Out of 40 schools hot cooked meal is served daily in 36 (90\%) schools. <br> Quality of is good in 20 (50\%) schools, average in 17 (42.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of meal is sufficient in 32 ( $80 \%$ ) schools. <br> Quantity of pulses per child is reported as 20 gm . in 8 (17.5\%) schools, 25 gm . in 10 ( $25 \%$ ) schools, 30 gm in 8 ( $20 \%$ ) and 37.5 gm . in 5 (12.5\%) schools, 40 gm . in 6 (15\%) schools 50 gm . in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 100 gm . in 1 (2.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of green leafy vegetable per child is given as 100 gm . in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools, 90 gm . in 11 (27.5\%) schools, 80 gm . in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools, 75 gm . in 2 (25\%) schools, 60 gm. in 11 (27.5\%) schools, 50 gm. in 7 (17.5\%) schools 30gm in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 25 gms. in $2(5 \%)$ schools. <br> Double fortified salt is provided in 35 (87.5\%) schools. | Hot cooked meal is not served daily in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools. <br> Quantity of meal is not sufficient in 8 (17.5\%) schools. <br> Standard Gadget measuring quantity is found in 28 (70\%) schools. |
|  |  | BAHRAICH | Out of 40 schools hot cooked meal is served daily in 35 (87.5\%) schools. | Hot cooked meal is not served daily in 5 (12.5\%) schools. |


|  |  |  | Quality of is good in 17 (42.5\%) schools, average in 20 (50\%) schools. <br> Quantity of meal is sufficient in 27 (67.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of pulses per child is reported as 20 gm . in 2 (5\%) schools, 25 gm . in 6 ( $15 \%$ ) schools, 30 gm in 8 (20\%), 40 gm. in $6(15 \%)$ schools, 50 gm. in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools. 100 gm. in 3 (7.5\%) schools. 150 gm. in 3 (7.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of green leafy vegetable per child is given as 150 gm . in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools. 100 gm . in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 90 gm. in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools, 60 gm. in 14 (35\%) schools, 50 gm. in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 45 gm. in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools, 40 gm. in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools,30 gm in 5 (12.5\%) schools. <br> Double fortified salt is provided in 30 (75\%) schools. | Quantity of meal is not sufficient in 13 (32.5\%) schools. <br> Standard Gadget measuring quantity is found in 23 (57.5\%) schools. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools hot cooked meal is served daily in 34 (85\%) schools. <br> Quality of is good in 30 (75\%) schools, average in 9 (22.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of meal is sufficient in 35 (87.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of pulses per child is reported as 20 gm . in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 25 gm . in 16 ( $40 \%$ ) schools, 30 gm in 5 (12.5\%), 40 gm . in 1 (2.5\%) | Hot cooked meal is not served daily in 6 (15\%) schools. <br> Quantity of meal is not sufficient in 5 (12.5\%) schools. <br> Standard Gadget measuring quantity is found in 13 (32.5\%) schools. |


|  |  |  | schools 45 gm . in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 50 gm . in 1 (2.5\%) schools. 60 gm . in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools. 100 gm . in 3 (7.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of green leafy vegetable per child is given as 150 gm . in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools, 100 gm . in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools, 60 gm . in 13 ( $32.5 \%$ ) schools, 50 gm . in $6(15 \%)$ schools, 40 gm in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 30 gm . in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools, 25 gms. in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools and 20 gm in 4 (10\%) schools. <br> Double fortified salt is provided in 27 (67.5\%) schools. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools hot cooked meal is served daily in 37 (92.5\%) schools. <br> Quality of is good in 28 (70\%) schools, average in 8 (20\%) schools. <br> Quantity of meal is sufficient in 35 (87.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of pulses per child is reported as 20 gm . in 4 (10\%) schools, 25 gm . in 11 (27.5\%) schools, 30 gm . in 7 (17.5\%) schools, 35 gm . in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools, 37.5 gm . in 2 (5\%) schools, 40 gm in 2 (5\%) schools, 50 gm . in 2 (5\%) schools, 75 gm in 2 (5\%) and 100 gm . in 1 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools. Quantity of green leafy vegetable per child is given as $100-150$ gm. in 6 ( $15 \%$ ) schools, 20-25 gm. in 3 | Hot cooked meal is not served daily in 3 (7.5\%) schools. <br> Standard Gadget measuring quantity is found in 24 (60\%) schools. |


|  |  |  | (7.5\%) schools, $30-40 \mathrm{gm}$ in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools, $45-65 \mathrm{gm}$. in 12 (30\%) schools and 7595 gm in $6(15 \%)$ schools. <br> Double fortified salt is provided in 37 (92.5\%) schools. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SULTANPUR | Out of 40 schools hot cooked meal is served daily in 31 (77.5\%) schools. <br> Quality of is good in 17 (42.5\%) schools, average in 21 (52.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of meal is sufficient in 22 (55\%) schools. <br> Quantity of pulses per child is reported as 20 gm . in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools, 25 gm . in 2 (5\%) schools, 30 gm . in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 37.5 gm . in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 40 gm in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 50 gm . in 1 (2.5\%) schools, $75-100 \mathrm{gm}$ in $1(2.5 \%)$ and 150 gm . in 5 (12.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of green leafy vegetable per child is given as $100-150 \mathrm{gm}$. in 13 ( $32.5 \%$ ) schools, $30-40$ gm in 8 (20\%) schools, $45-65$ gms. in 8 ( $20 \%$ ) schools and $75-95 \mathrm{gm}$ in 4 ( $10 \%$ ). <br> Double fortified salt is provided in 37 (92.5\%) schools. | Hot cooked meal is not served daily in 9 (22.5\%) schools. <br> Quantity of meal is not sufficient in 18 (45\%) schools. <br> Standard Gadget measuring quantity is found in 23 (57.5\%) schools. |
|  | $12.2$ <br> Acceptance of meal and menu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | Out of 40 schools the children of 38 (95\%) schools have happily accepted and they are satisfied with the quantity. | The children of 2 (5\%) schools did not accept the meal and quantity of meal was not satisfactory. |







|  |  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools no gender <br> discrimination is observed in <br> any schools. <br> No caste discrimination was <br> observed in any school <br> Community discrimination <br> was not found in any school. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  | HARDOI | Out of 4 schools convergence with SSA was found in 38 (95\%) schools. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SULTANPUR | Out of 4 schools convergence with SSA was found in 40 (100\%) schools. |  |
| 14.2 <br> Convergence with health programme | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | MDM was converged with health programme in 38 (95\%) schools. |  |
|  | BAHRAICH | MDM was converged with health programme in 33 (82.5\%) schools. |  |
|  | BALRAMPUR | MDM was converged with health programme in 37 (92.5\%) schools. |  |
|  | HARDOI | MDM was converged with health programme in 31 (77.5\%) schools. |  |
|  | SULTANPUR | MDM was converged with health programme in 36 (90\%) schools. |  |
| $\begin{array}{lr} \hline 14.3 & \text { School } \\ \text { health } & \text { card } \\ \text { maintained } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | School health card maintained in all 38 (95\%) schools and frequency of health check up was yearly in 14 (35\%) school, half yearly in 23 ( $57.5 \%$ ) schools, and quarterly in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) school. |  |
|  | BAHRAICH | $\begin{array}{llr}\text { School } & \text { health } & \text { card } \\ \text { maintained } & \text { in } 25 & (62.5 \%)\end{array}$ schools and frequency of health check up was yearly in 10 (25\%) school, half yearly in 19 (47.5\%) schools, monthly in 2 (5\%) school and occasionally in 4 (10\%) school. |  |



|  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools micronutrients given in 31 (77.5\%) schools and deworming medicine was given in 32 ( $80 \%$ ) schools. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools micronutrients given in 32 (80\%) schools and deworming medicine was given in $32(80 \%)$ schools. |  |
|  | SULTANPUR | Out of 40 schools micronutrients given in 27 (67.5\%) schools and deworming medicine was given in 27 ( $67.5 \%$ ) schools. |  |
| 14.5 <br> Administration and frequency of medicine | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | Out of 40 schools medicine is administered by Govt. doctors in 39 ( $97.5 \%$ ) schools. <br> The frequency of medicine is yearly in 12 (30\%) schools, half yearly in 18 (45\%) schools, quarterly in 5 (12.5\%) schools and occasionally in 2 (5\%) school. |  |
|  | BAHRAICH | Out of 40 schools medicine is administered by Govt. doctors in 37 ( $92.5 \%$ ) schools. <br> The frequency of medicine is yearly in 10 ( $25 \%$ ) schools, half yearly in 20 (50\%) schools, and quarterly in 3 (7.5\%) schools. |  |
|  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools medicine is administered by Govt. doctors in $32(80 \%)$ schools. <br> The frequency of medicine is yearly in 15 ( $37.5 \%$ ) schools, half yearly in 14 (35\%) schools, quarterly in 2 (5\%) |  |



|  |  | level but MI found instances of emergency in 4 (10\%) schools. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SULTANPUR | No instance of emergency was mentioned at district level and MI not found instances of emergency in any schools. |  |
| 14.7 Dental \& eye check up | AMBEDKAR NAGAR | The district administration has mentioned that dental and eye check up is done in each and every school and spectacles were distributed to needy students. However, MI found that dental and eye check up was done in 39 (97.5\%) schools and spectacles were distributed in 13 (32.5\%) schools. | Dental and eye check up was not performed in 1 (2.5\%) schools. |
|  | BAHRAICH | The district administration has mentioned that dental and eye check up is done in each and every school and spectacles were distributed to needy students. However, MI found that dental and eye check up was done in 30 (75\%) schools and spectacles were distributed in 10 (25\%) schools. | Dental and eye check up was not performed in 10 (25\%) schools. |
|  | BALRAMPUR | The district administration has mentioned that dental and eye check up is done in each and every school and spectacles were distributed to needy students. However, MI found that dental and eye check up was done in 34 (85\%) schools and spectacles were distributed in 9 (22.5\%) | Dental and eye check up was not performed in 6 (15\%) schools. |


|  |  |  | schools |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | HARDOI | The district administration <br> has mentioned that dental and <br> eye check up is done in each <br> and every school and <br> spectacles were distributed to <br> needy students. However, MI <br> found that dental and eye <br> check up was done in 31 | Dental eye check up <br> was not performed in 9 <br> (22.5\%) schools. |
| (77.5\%) schools and |  |  |  |
| spectacles were distributed in |  |  |  |
| 17 (42.5\%) schools |  |  |  |


|  |  |  | revealed that it was available <br> in 32 (80\%) schools. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | HARDOI | The district level data reveals <br> that first aid box is available <br> in each and every school. The <br> physical verification by MI <br> revealed that it was available <br> in 27 (67.5\%) schools. | Medical kit was not <br> available in 13 (32.5\%) <br> schools. |
| 15 |  | SULTANPUR |  |  |


|  |  |  | schools, MPLAD in 1 (2.5\%) <br> schools and by others in 12 <br> (30\%) schools |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools drinking <br> water scheme was sponsored <br> by MLA in 1 (2.5\%) schools, <br> MPLAD in 3 (7.5\%) schools <br> and by others in 19 (47.5\%) |
| schools |  |  |  |


|  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 34 (85\%) schools. | 6 (15\%) schools have no Kitchen pucca shed available. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 36 (90\%) schools. | 4 (10\%) schools have no Kitchen pucca shed available. |
|  | SULTANPUR | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 35 (87.5\%) schools. | 5 (12.5\%) schools have no pucca shed Kitchen available. |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \hline 16.2 & \text { Under } \\ \text { which } & \text { Scheme } \\ \text { constructed } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | MI observed that few schools were having information about the scheme under which the kitchen was constructed. The kitchen was constructed under MDM scheme in 19 ( $47.5 \%$ ) schools , under SSA in 13 (32.5\%) schools and under other 2 (5\%). | 6 (15\%) schools have no information under which the kitchen was constructed. |
|  | BAHRAICH | MI observed that few schools were having information about the scheme under which the kitchen was constructed. The kitchen was constructed under MDM scheme in 8 (20\%) schools, under SSA in 10 (25\%) schools and under other 1 (2.5\%). | 21 (52.5\%) schools have no information under which the kitchen was constructed. |
|  | BALRAMPUR | MI observed that few schools were having information about the scheme under which the kitchen was constructed. The kitchen was constructed under MDM scheme in 6 ( $15 \%$ ) schools, under SSA in 13 (32.5\%) | 18 (45\%) schools have no information under which the kitchen was constructed. |


|  |  | schools and under other 3 (7.5\%). |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HARDOI | MI observed that few schools were having information about the scheme under which the kitchen was constructed. The kitchen was constructed under MDM scheme in 13 (32.5\%) schools, under SSA in 18 (45\%) schools. | 9 (22.5\%) schools have no information under which the kitchen was constructed. |
|  | SULTANPUR | MI observed that few schools were having information about the scheme under which the kitchen was constructed. The kitchen was constructed under MDM scheme in 15 ( $37.5 \%$ ) schools and under SSA in 14 (35\%) schools. | 11 (27.5\%) schools have no information under which the kitchen was constructed. |
| 16.3 In absence of kitchen shed where MDM is prepared | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | Only 3 (7.5\%) school has reported to prepare MDM in open space. |  |
|  | BAHRAICH | Only 2 (5\%) school has reported to prepare MDM in other place and 1 (2.5\%) school in open place. |  |
|  | BALRAMPUR | Only 3 (7.5\%) school has reported to prepare MDM in other place and 1 (2.5\%) school in open place. |  |
|  | HARDOI | 0 ( $0 \%$ ) schools reported to prepare MDM in open space and $0 \quad(0 \%)$ school has reported to prepare MDM in other place. |  |
|  | SULTANPUR | Only 4 (10\%) school has reported to prepare MDM in open space. |  |


| 16.4 Storage of <br> food grain | AMBEDKAR <br> NAGAR | Food grain is stored in <br> classrooms in 3 (7.5\%) <br> schools, in office in 2 (5\%) <br> schools. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | BAHRAICH | Food grain is stored in <br> classrooms in 2 (5\%) schools, <br> in office in 2 (5\%) schools <br> and at the house of Pradhan <br> or VSS members' home in 2 <br> (5\%) schools. |
|  | BALRAMPUR | Food grain is stored in office <br> in 3 (7.5\%) schools and at the <br> house of Pradhan or VSS <br> members' home in 1 (2.5\%) |
| schools. |  |  |


|  |  |  | 9(22.5\%) schools. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  | BAHRAICH | Out of 40 schools cooking utensils was available in 39 (97.5\%) schools and source of funding was by MME in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools and by others in 13 (32.5\%) schools. | 23 (57.5\%) schools did not know from where cooking utensils were purchased. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | BALRAMPUR | Out of 40 schools cooking utensils was available in 39 (97.5\%) schools and source of funding was by MME in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools and by others in 17 (42.5\%) schools. | 22 (55\%) schools did not know from where cooking utensils were purchased. |
|  | HARDOI | Out of 40 schools cooking utensils was available in 37 (92.5\%) schools and source of funding was by MME in 3 (7.5\%) schools and by others in 9 (22.5\%) schools. | 28 (70\%) schools did not know from where cooking utensils were purchased. |
|  | SULTANPUR | Out of 40 schools cooking utensils was available in 39 (97.5\%) schools and source of funding was by MME in 6 (15\%) schools and by others in 11 (27.5\%) schools. | 23 (57.5\%) schools did not know from where cooking utensils were purchased. |
| 16.8 <br> Availability of storage bin and source of its funding | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | MI found storage bin was available only in 2 (5\%) schools. | In 38 (95\%) schools storage bin was not available. |
|  | BAHRAICH | MI found storage bin was available only in 24 (60\%) schools. The source of funding was by MDM in 3 (7.5\%) school, by MME in 4 (10\%) schools and by SSA in 1 (2.5\%) school. | In 16 (40\%) schools storage bin was not available. |
|  | BALRAMPUR | MI found storage bin was available only in 30 (75\%) schools. The source of funding was by MDM in 4 (10\%) school. | In $10 \quad(25 \%)$ schools storage bin was not available. |


|  |  | HARDOI | MI found storage bin was available only in 15 (37.5\%) schools. The source of funding was by MDM in 2 (5\%) school. | In 25 (62.5\%) schools storage bin was not available. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SULTANPUR | MI found storage bin was available only in 21 (52.5\%) schools. The source of funding was by MDM in 5 (12.5\%) schools and by SSA in 2 (5\%) schools. | In 19 (47.5\%) schools storage bin was not available. |
|  | 16.7 <br> Availability of plates and its funding | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | Plates were available in 2 (5\%) schools and the source of its funding was by MME in 1 (2.5\%) school and by others in 1 (2.5\%) schools. | In most of the schools the children bring plates from home. |
|  |  | BAHRAICH | Plates were available in 8 (20\%) schools and the source of its funding was by Community contribution in 1 (2.5\%) schools, MME in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) school. | In most of the schools the children bring plates from home. |
|  |  | BALRAMPUR | Plates were available in 17 ( $42.5 \%$ ) schools and the source of its funding was by Community contribution in 2 (5\%) schools, by Other in 4 (10\%) school. | In most of the schools the children bring plates from home. |
|  |  | HARDOI | Plates were available in 2 (5\%) schools and the source of its funding was by Community contribution in 1 (2.5\%) school and by others in 1 (2.5\%) school. | In most of the schools the children bring plates from home. |
|  |  | SULTANPUR | Plates were available in 4 (10\%) schools and the source of its funding was by other in 2 (5\%) school. | In most of the schools the children bring plates from home. |
| 17 | 17.1 Safety and hygiene | AMBEDKAR NAGAR | MI observed that children washed their hands before |  |


|  |  |  | taking meals in 39 (97.5\%) schools and take meal in orderly manner in 40 ( $100 \%$ ) schools, conserve water in 40 ( $100 \%$ ) schools and the cooking process is safe in 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools. The fire extinguisher was available in 40 (100\%) schools |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | BAHRAICH | MI observed that children washed their hands before taking meals in 33 (82.5\%) schools and take meal in orderly manner in 40 ( $100 \%$ ) schools, conserve water in 40 ( $100 \%$ ) schools and the cooking process is safe in 32 ( $80 \%$ ) schools. The fire extinguisher was available in 38 (95\%) schools |  |
|  |  | BALRAMPUR | MI observed that children washed their hands before taking meals in 38 (95\%) schools and take meal in orderly manner in 40 ( $100 \%$ ) schools, conserve water in 38 (95\%) schools and the cooking process is safe in 34 ( $85 \%$ ) schools. The fire extinguisher was available in 38 (95\%) schools |  |
|  |  | HARDOI | MI observed that children washed their hands before taking meals in 36 (90\%) schools and take meal in orderly manner in 39 (97.5\%) schools, conserve water in 33 ( $82.5 \%$ ) schools and the cooking process is safe in 32 $(80 \%)$ schools. The fire |  |


|  |  | extinguisher was available in 37 (92.5\%) schools |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SULTANPUR | MI observed that children washed their hands before taking meals in 38 (95\%) schools and take meal in orderly manner in 40 ( $100 \%$ ) schools, conserve water in 39 (97.5\%) schools and the cooking process is safe in 29 (72.5\%) schools. The fire extinguisher was available in 37 (92.5\%) schools |  |
| 17.2 <br> Community <br> Participation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ & \text { NAGAR } \end{aligned}$ | District has reported that VEC/SMC meetings are regularly held on monthly basis. However, MI found that Panchayat participation on monthly basis in 14 (35\%) schools, <br> SMC/VEC participation was monthly in 24 (60\%) schools, parents participation on monthly was observed in 15 (37.5\%) schools and urban body participation was observed only in $6(15 \%)$ schools. |  |
|  | BAHRAICH | District has reported that VEC/SMC meetings are regularly held on monthly basis. However, MI found that Panchayat participation on monthly basis in 11 (27.5\%) schools, SMC/VEC participation was monthly in 19 ( $47.5 \%$ ) schools, parents participation on monthly was observed in 13 (32.5\%) schools and urban body participation was observed |  |


|  |  | only in 5 (12.5\%) schools. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | BALRAMPUR | District has reported that VEC/SMC meetings are regularly held on monthly basis. However, MI found that Panchayat participation on monthly basis in 8 ( $20 \%$ ) schools, <br> SMC/VEC participation was monthly in 7 (17.5\%) schools, parents participation on monthly was observed in 6 ( $15 \%$ ) schools and urban body participation was observed only in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools. |  |
|  | HARDOI | District has reported that VEC/SMC meetings are regularly held on monthly basis. However, MI found that Panchayat participation on monthly basis in 8 (20\%) schools, <br> SMC/VEC participation was monthly in 8 (20\%) schools, parents participation on monthly was observed in 3 (7.5\%) schools and urban body participation was observed only in 4 (10\%) schools. |  |
|  | SULTANPUR | District has reported that VEC/SMC meetings are regularly held on monthly basis. However, MI found that Panchayat participation on monthly basis in 14 (35\%) schools, SMC/VEC participation was monthly in 12 (30\%) schools, parents participation on monthly was |  |


|  |  | observed in 11 (27.5\%) schools and urban body participation was observed only in 7 ( $17.5 \%$ ) schools. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17.2 Frequency of SMC meeting and issue of MDM discussed | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ \text { NAGAR } \end{array}$ | SMC meeting held once in 1 (2.5\%) school, twice in 1 (2.5\%), 3 times in 6 ( $15 \%$ ) school, 4 times in 3 (7.5\%) school, 5 times in 5 (12.5\%) schools, 6 times in 8 (20\%) schools, 7 times in 2 (5\%) schools, 8 times in 2 (5\%) schools, 10 times in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools and 12 time in 1 (2.55) school. The issue of MDM was discussed once in 2 (5\%) school, twice in 5 (12.5\%) schools, 3 times in 8 (20\%) schools, 4 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 5 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 6 times in 4 (10\%) schools and 12 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ school. | In most of the schools SMC register is maintained in all schools but their category wise attendance in the meeting could not be identified |
|  | BAHRAICH | SMC meeting held once in 2 (5\%) school, twice in $2(5 \%)$, 4 times in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) school, 5 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 6 times in 15 (37.5\%) schools, 7 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 8 times in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 9 time in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) school, 10 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 12 time in 1 (2.55) school, 13 time in $1(2.5 \%)$ school and 14 time in $1(2.5 \%)$ school. The issue of MDM was discussed once in 3 (7.5\%) school, twice in 5 (12.5\%) schools, 3 times in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools, 4 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 5 | In most of the schools SMC register is maintained in all schools but their category wise attendance in the meeting could not be identified |


|  |  |  | times in 4 (10\%) schools, 6 times in 13 (32.5\%) schools and 7 times in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) school, 8 times in 1 (2.5\%) school, 10 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ school, 11 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ school, and 12 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ school. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | BALRAMPUR | SMC meeting held once in 3 (7.5\%) school, 3 times in 5 (12.5\%) school, 4 times in 4 (10\%) school, 5 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 6 times in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools, 7 times in 5 (12.5\%) schools, 8 times in 2 (5\%) schools, 10 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools and 11 times in $1(2.5 \%)$. The issue of MDM was discussed once in 2 (5\%) school, twice in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 3 times in 7 (17.5\%) schools, 4 times in 6 (15\%) schools, 5 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 6 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 7 times in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 8 times in 2 (5\%) schools, and 10 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools. | In most of the schools SMC register is maintained in all schools but their category wise attendance in the meeting could not be identified |
|  |  | HARDOI | SMC meeting held once in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools, 3 times in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 5 times in 6 (15\%) school, 6 times in 5 (12.5\%) schools, 7 times in 7 (17.5\%) schools, 8 times in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools, 9 times in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 10 times in 2 (5) schools and 11 times in 1 (2.5\%) school. The issue of MDM was discussed once in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, twice in 8 | In most of the schools SMC register is maintained in all schools but their category wise attendance in the meeting could not be identified |


|  |  | (20\%) schools, 3 times in 6 (15\%) school, 4 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 5 times in 5 (12.5\%) schools, 6 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 7 times in 2 (5\%) schools, 8 times in 2 (5\%) schools, and 10 times in 5 (12.5\%) schools. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SULTANPUR | SMC meeting held once in 1 (2.5\%) schools, twice in 2 (5\%) schools, 3 times in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 4 times in 1 (2.5\%) school, 5 times in 6 (15\%) school, 6 times in 16 ( $40 \%$ ) schools, 7 time in 2 (5\%) school, 8 times in 2 (5\%) schools, 9 times in 2 (5\%) schools, and 12 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools. The issue of MDM was discussed twice in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools, 3 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 4 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 5 times in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) school, 6 times in 13 (32.5\%) schools, 7 times in 2 (5\%) schools, 9 times in 1 (2.5\%) schools, and 12 times in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools. | In most of the schools SMC register is maintained in all schools but their category wise attendance in the meeting could not be identified |
| 17.3 Social Audit mechanism | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { AMBEDKAR } \\ \text { NAGAR } \end{array}$ | As per the district information social audit mechanism exists in every school. But MI observed that social audit mechanism existed in 37 (92.5\%) schools where jan wachan about MDM was practiced. |  |
|  | BAHRAICH | As per the district information social audit mechanism exists in every school. But MI observed that social audit |  |



6 (C) Copy of Office order, notification etc. discussed in the report.

## Mid Day Meal Scheme

F.No. 8-9/2009 MDM 2-1

Government of India
Ministry of Human Resource Development
Department of School Education \& Literacy
MDM Division

Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi
Dated 6 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ February, 2013
Subject: Renewal of Terms of Reference and MOU with Monitoring Institute under Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan and Mid Day Meal Scheme for the period from 1.10.2012 to 30.9.2014.

1. Objectives: Assessment and analysis of the implementation of the Mid Day Meal Scheme as per the MDM guidelines.
2. Duration of the ToR: The duration of the Terms of Reference may be for a period of 2 years from the date of approval of the competent authority instead of from $1^{\text {st }}$ October, 2013 to $30^{\text {th }}$ September, 2015.
3. Scope of work: The MDM Bureau endorsed the proposal.
4. Scale of Work: No comments to offer
5. Reports:
6. Terms of payment:
7. Task of the MIs:
8. Access
9. Interventions for out of school
10. Quality
11. Girls Education NPEGEL and KGBV
12. Inclusive Education
13. Civil Work
14. Community Mobilization
15. MIS
16. Financial Management
17. Mid Day Meal Scheme

The Monitoring Institutes would send their reports to the Director, Mid Day Meal Scheme of the respective Government at the draft level and after discussion finalize their report. The Director, Mid Day Meal Scheme of the State Government on receipt of the draft report would give his / her comments within 15 days. If the MIs receives no comments in this period the report will be treated as final. The Monitoring Institute shall thereafter be send the report to the Principal Secretary / Secretary of the Nodal Department and Director, Mid Day Meal Scheme of the State / UT with a copy to Director, Mid Day Meal, Government of India.
30.
एडसिल (इण्डिया) लिमिटेड
(लारत सरकार का उéम)
EdCIL (India) Limited
(A GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ENTERPRISE)
(A GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ENTERPRISE)
(An ISO 9001-2000 \& 14001-2004 Certified Company)


- विजया बिल्डिंग, पांचवां तल, 17 -बाराखम्बा रोड, नई दिल्ली-110001
- Vijaya Building, 5th Floor, 17-Barakhamba Road, New Delhi-110001 दूरभाष/Tel.: 91-11-23765605 to 23765612 फैक्स/ Fax : 91-11-23765614, 23765602
K.Girija Shankar

Senior Consultant (Monitoring)SSA
09810956826/09968678488 /011-23765605 to 23765612 Ext 151,150,149
Fax No: 011-23765614
Email: monitoringinstitution@gmail.com

Letter No: TSG/SEN/MON/MI/MOU 2013-15/ dated 5th August 2013
To
7. The Registrar,

Jamia Millia Islamia, Jamia Nagar - 110025, New Delhi

Subject: Renewal of the MoU (2013-15) between Monitoring Institutes and MHRD for monitoring under SSA \& MDM - Regarding.

Sir/Madam,
Find enclosed herewith a copy of the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) duly signed by the authorized signatory of Jamia Millia Islamia (MI) and accepted by MHRD for monitoring of SSA \& MDM activities for period two year from 1.04.2013 to 31.03.2015. The details of State/UT allocated and number of districts to be monitored is given below:

| SI. No. | Name of the Monitoring Institution | State/UT for which <br> Monitoring Institution is to undertake Monitoring Activities | No. of Districts the MI is to monitor in 2 years $(2013-15)$ | No of Districts the MI is to monitor in first six months sin) (2013-14) | No Districts the MI is to monitor in second six months (2013-14) | No of Districts the MI is to monitor in first months (2014-15) | Number to be covered by MI in second six months (2014-15) | Name of the Districts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Jamia Millia Islamia, New Delhi | Uttar Pradesh | 18 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 1. Balrampur, 2. Basti, 3 Shrawasti, 4. Siddharthnagar, 5. Lakhimpur, 6. Lucknow, 7. Sultanpur, 8. Sitapur. 9. Barabanki, 10. Faizabad, 11. Sant Kabir Nagar, 12. Unaao 13. Hardoi, 14. Ambedkar Nagar, 15. Raibareilly, 16. Bahraich 17. Gonda, 18. Chhatrapati Shahuji Maharaj Nagar (Amethi) |

2. As per the above statement your institution is requested to undertake monitoring activities of SSA \& MDM duly following the signed MoU 2013-15 \& ToR 2013-15.
3. The Project Manager (SSA), Ed.CIL (India) Limited, Mobile No. 09311266778 , Direct No. 23765600 (Direct), Email ID: mdmgoel@gmail.com will release funds to your institute as per the signed MoU (2013-15) and ToR 2013-15.
4. For any clarification you are requested to kindly contact the undersigned Shri. K. Girija Shankar, Senior Consultant, Monitoring, Mobile: 09810956826, 09968678488, EPABX No. 23765605-12, Ext. 151, 150, 149. Fax No. 011-23765614.

Thanking you

(K.Girija Shankar)

Senior Consultant (Monitoring), SSA, 5/08/2013

Nodal Officer, (Dr. Shoeb Abudullah, Associate Professor, IASE, Faculty of Education, Jamia Millia Islamia, Jamia Nagar-110025, New Delhi) for information and with a request to undertake monitoring activities as per the signed MoU \& ToR 2013-15
Mou for up (Jamig)

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING



This Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) is made on 15th day of Month July 2013 between the Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of School Education \& Literacy, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi and Jamia Millia Islamia, Jamia Nagar, New Delhi, 110025 (name of Monitoring Institute with full address).
2. Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of School Education \& Literacy, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi - 110001, hereinafter referred to as Government of India (GOI), agreed to engage Jamia Millia Islamia, Jamia Nagar,New Delhi, 110025 (name of Monitoring Institute with complete address), hereinafter referred to as Monitoring Institute (MI), for monitoring implementation of SSA Programme including National Programme for Education of Girls at Elementary Level, Mid-day-Meal Scheme and Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidhyalaya Scheme, hereinafter referred to as Schemes, for two years from $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2013 to $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2015 in the State Uttar Pardes (U.P) and number of districts allocates is The agreed terms and conditions of this engagement are detailed hereinafter.
3. The MI shall monitor the Schemes with the objectives of (i) assessment and analysis of the implementation of the approved interventions and processes underlying these interventions at the habitation and school level keeping in view the overarching goals of these schemes and the provisions under RTE Act, 2009 and (ii) identification of the social, cultural, linguistic or other barriers coming in the way of successful implementation of the schematic interventions and attainment of these goals.
i. The MI shall cover all the districts allotted to it during the period of two years and 40 Elementary Schools in a block of 6 months in each of the districts to be covered during that period. It is obvious, therefore, that the MI will cover one fourth of the districts allotted to it in the every block of 6 months.
ii. If the MI is allotted state/UT having four or less than four districts, it must cover one district in every block of 6 months even if it means covering the same district in each of the four blocks.
iii. The MI shall select the schools to be visited, as far as possible, as per the following criteria: -
(a) Higher gender gap in enrolment,
(b) Higher proportion of $\mathrm{SC} / \mathrm{ST}$ students,
(c) Low retention rate and higher drop-out rate
(d) Schools with a minimum of three CWSN.
(e) The habitation where the school is located at has sizeable number of OoSC.
(f) The habitations where the school is located at witnesses in-bound and out-bound seasonal migration,
(g) The habitation where the school is located at is known to have sizeable number of urban deprived children.
(h) The school is located in a forest or far flung area.
(i) The habitation where the school is located at witnesses recurrent floods or some other natural calamity.
iv. The MI shall also ensure that at least eight out of 40 schools are from urban areas, six are with Special Training Centers (three residential and three non-residential) attached to it, two have civil works sanctioned for them, two are from NPEGEL blocks and three have a minimum of three CWSN (priority to those having other than Orthopedically Impaired children), three each are covered under the Computer Aided Learning (CAL) and KGBV scheme.
v. The selection of schools shall be done on the basis of the latest school report card generated through DISE, HHS data and consultation with the district SSA functionaries. The procedure and criteria adopted for the selection of schools shall form an essential part of the MI's report.
vi. The MI shall carefully select the persons, if someone other than the nodal officer is to undertake the monitoring, and ensure that they are properly and adequately trained. However, under no circumstances the responsibility of monitoring shall be outsourced or sublet to any other agency and the collection of data be seen as an exercise not integral to the overall responsibility of monitoring. Besides, the Nodal Officer must visit himself / herself at least one third of the selected schools in every block of 6 months, and make a mention in the report to be submitted to TSG/MHRD.
4. The MI shall undertake the monitoring in accordance with the Terms of Reference and the Tools for Monitoring enclosed with the MoU (Annexure).
5. The Tools for Monitoring can be revised by the first party in consultation with the MI with a view to improving the quality of the monitoring as per the Terms of Reference enclosed.
6. The MI shall submit the draft reports pertaining to SSA in respect of the districts covered in a block of 6 months within one month of the last date of that block to the State Project Director and the Director of the scheme respectively. State Project Director scheme shall arrange for sharing of the draft report with the MI and district SSA/education department functionaries within 15 days of the receipt of the draft report and shall convey their comments thereon to the MI within 7 days of the meeting. The MI shall submit the final reports in respect of SSA within 15 days of receiving the comments of the SPD. If the meetings at the State Project Office are not held and their comments not received within the prescribed timeframe, MI shall not be required to wait any longer and shall go ahead with the finalization of the report. The final reports shall be addressed to the SPD of SSA in the State/UT and separate copies thereof in respect of SSA be endorsed to the Sr . Consultant (Monitoring Institutes), TSG for SSA and the designated officers in the Department of School Education \& Literacy, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi-110001.
7. The Government of India shall supply a copy each of the approved Annual Work Plan and Budget and Appraisal Report for the state/UT concerned, SSA framework for implementation, SSA manual for procurement and financial management and proceedings of the workshops held under the various component to the MI to facilitate the monitoring.
8. The MI shall approach the State Project Director for a meeting with the Programme Officers/Consultants of various components to discuss and have a clear idea of the programmatic aspects. The State Project Director shall arrange such meeting as early as possible, so that the schedule of school visits is not affected adversely.
9. The MI shall furnish to the State Project Office and the District Project Office the complete programme of school visits to be undertaken in the six monthly block at least 10 days ahead of the
first school to be visited and it shall be the rest first school to be visited and it shall be the responsibility of the District Project Director concerned to communicate this programme to the sub-district level functionaries, schools and school management committees concerned and to make the necessary arrangements for the transport and stay of the MI representatives.
10. The GOI shall pay the MIs as per the costing detailed below: -
(i) The MI shall spend two full days for visit to each of the schools and be entitled to the payment of Rs. 3,000/- for each school monitored.
(ii) It shall be entitled to the payment of Rs. 25,000 /- for contingent expenditure per district covered for the whole period of two years.
(iii) The MI shall be paid an amount of Rs. $15,000 /$ - for the preparation of each of the half
yearly reports.
(iv) The MI shall be entitled to the payment of the cost of training of 5 field investigators per district for 5 days @ Rs. 200/- per person per day for each block of 6 months.
(v) The representatives of the MI undertaking the visits to the SPO/DPO/school shall be entitled to claim TA/DA as per the rules of the MI provided they do not avail the transport facility or hospitality from the SSA authorities. The TA/DA will be paid by the Monitoring Institute from the grants released by the Government of India and claimed as expenditure while seeking further release of grants. TA/DA claims will need to be submitted in the prescribed format together with all related bills in original and with a certificate that arrangements for transport and hospitality was not made by
the SSA.
11. The details of the terms of payment by GOI will be as follows: -
(i) The Government of India shall pay $75 \%$ of the entitled amount to the WIs as first installment of the first year, so that the MI can start the monitoring work of the second 6 monthly block immediately after submitting the report for the first 6 monthly block.
(ii) Balance of $25 \%$ of the entitled amount for the first year shall be paid to the MI only after expenditure to the tune of $75 \%$ of the amount released as first installment is incurred and the expenditure statement duly certified by the Finance Office/Registrar of the MI is furnished and the report for the first half yearly block is submitted.
(iii) $75 \%$ of the entitled amount to the MIs as $1^{s t}$ installment of the second year of the project shall be paid subject to furnishing of both the half yearly report of the previous year and incurring of expenditure of at least $75 \%$ of the funds released during previous year. The unspent balance with MI for the first year of the project will be adjusted while releasing the first installment of second year.
(iv) $2^{\text {nd }}$ installment for the second year of the project shall be released only after the MIl furnish both the half yearly reports for the second year of the project.
12. This MOU can be annulled at any time by both the sides by giving a notice of two months, giving the reasons for such action to the other.
13. In the event of any question, dispute or differences arising under or out of or in connection with the activities as above and as detailed in the Terms of Reference to the Monitoring Institutes, the same shall be referred to the Secretary, Department of School Education and Literacy or to any other person appointed by him.

Agreed and Accepted.


Shri A(K. Tewâriरी/A. K. TEWARI)
Under Secretary a/ Under secrets ry
Department of School Education \& Literacy
Ministry of Human Resource Development
Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi.

forwarded

3


## Institute of Advanced Studies in Education <br> Faculty of Education

JAMIA MILLIA ISLAMIA

| Maulana Mohammed Ali Jauhar Marg, | Extn. 2142, 26844803 (R) Mobile : 9818629549 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jamia Nagar, New Delhi - 110025 | E-mail : shoeb_abdullah@yahoo.com |

Prof. SHOEB ABDULLAH
M.Sc. (Phy.), M.Ed., Ph.D. (Phy., Alig)

Professor in Education
Off Director BAFSRC Delhi
M.I. Coordinator, SSA Monitoring Project

Head, IASE

## Shr. Harendra Veer Singh

State Project Director (SPD)
U.P. Education for all Projects

State Project Office, Vidya Bhawan
Nishat Ganj, Lucknow - 226004
Uttar Pradesh
Dear Sir,

It is to bring to your kind notice that our monitoring team will be visiting the following districts from $27^{\text {th }}$ January to 5th February, 2015.

1. Dr. M.H.Quasmi
2. Dr. Jasim Ahmad
3. Dr. Kartar Singh
4. Dr.Ansar Alam
5. Mr. Shakeel Ahmad Khan

Hardoi
Sultanpur
Balrampur
Bahraich
Ambedkar Nagar

The detailed itinerary will be forwarded to you shortly. It is for your kind information and necessary action
It is for your kind perusal.

Best regards.
Yours truly
S. Alsdullah
(Prof. Shoeb Abdullah)
MI Coordinator (SSA\&MDM)

## Institute of Advanced Studies in Education Faculty of Education

JAMIA MILLIE ISLAMIA<br>Maulana Mohamed Ali Jauhar Marg.<br>Jami Nagar, New Delhi - 110025<br>Tel. (O) : 011-26935307, 26823108, 26981717<br>Extn. 2142 Mobile : 9818629549<br>E-mail : shoeb_abdullah@yahoo.com

Prof. SHOEB ABDULLAH
Professor in Education
Principal Project Coordinator/Nodal Officer

To,

## Stree K.Grija Shanker

Senior Consultant (Monitoring) SSA
$5^{\text {th }}$ Floor, Vijaya Building, 17
Barakhamba Road, Cannaught Place
New Delhi -110001.
Dear Stree Grija,
Kindly find herewith the Statements of Expenditure (SOE) in respect of Grants in-aid sanctioned during the year 2014-15 for monitoring 09 districts of Uttar Pradesh and draft report for 5 districts from $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2014 to $30^{\text {th }}$ September, 2014.

1. Ambedkar Naga
2. Bahraich
3. Balrampur
4. Hardoi
5. Sultanpur

It is further requested that the remaining $25 \%$ amount of the total grant for the year 2014-15 may kindly be released to us at your earliest convenience.

> Yours faithfully
> S. Abdullah
(Prof. Shoeb Abdullah)
MICoordinator(SSA\&MDM)
Encl: As above



EdCIL (India) Limited
(A GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ENTERPRISE)
(An ISO 9001-2000 \& 14001-2004 Certified Company)


## तकनीकी अनुसमर्थन समूह

## EdCIL's

Technical Support Group
S. Ghosh

Project Manager (SSA)
Email: projectmanagerssa@gmail.com
F.No.: 9(26)13/SSA/JMI/15

20 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ March, 2015
The Registrar
Jamia Millia Islamia,
Maulana Mohammed Ali,
Jauhar Marg,
New Delhi - 110025

Sub.: Release of 1st installment (75\%) to MIs for Undertaking Monitoring Activities of SSA \& MDM for the second year 2014-15.

Dear Sir/Madam,
This is with reference to MOU signed between MHRD \& your Institution for undertaking monitoring activities of SSA and MDM etc for the year 2013-14 \& 2014-15.

Please find enclosed herewith multicity cheque nos. 071280 \& 071281 for Rs. $10,00,000 /$ - \& Rs.35,000/ respectively dt .19 .03 .2015 being release of $1^{\text {st }}$ Installment ( $75 \%$ ) for undertaking Monitoring activities of Second Year i.e. from 01.04 .2014 to 31.03 .2015 , as per details given below:

| $*$ | No. of Dist.to <br> be covered in <br> $(2014-15) 1$ st <br> six months | No. of Dist. <br> to be <br> covered in <br> $(2014-15)$ <br> 2 nd half | Total no. of <br> Dist. to be <br> covered in <br> one year <br> $(2014-15)$ | Amount <br> admissible <br> $(100 \%)$ <br> (Rs.) | 75\% being <br> released <br> amount for Ist <br> Installment <br> $2014-15$ (Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uttar <br> Pradesh | 5 | 4 | 9 | $13,80,000$ | $10,35,000$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |

Please acknowledge receipt.

Thanking you,

Encls: As above
Yours faithfully,

Copy to: (i) Dr. Shoeb Abdullah, MI Coordinator, Jamia Millia Islamia, Maulana Mohammed Ali, Jauhar Marg, New Delhi - 110025
(ii) Sh. A.K. Tewari, Under Secretary (SSA), MHRD
(iii) Sh. K. Girija Shankar, Sr. Consultant (MIs), TSG-SSA


## 6(d) List of Schools

## List of School with DISE code visited by MI (District Name: AMBEDKAR NAGAR)

| S.N. | DISTRICT NAME | blkname | schname | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SCHOOL } \\ & \text { CODE } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | AKBARPUR | P S AFZALPUR | 09480100501 |
| 2 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | AKBARPUR | P S PASIAPARA | 09480114001 |
| 3 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | AKBARPUR | P S KATARIYA <br> YAQUBPUR | 09480107901 |
| 4 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | AKBARPUR | P S KURKI BAZAR | 09480100901 |
| 5 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | AKBARPUR | U P S ATANGI | 09480100104 |
| 6 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | AKBARPUR | U P S BHITRIDEEH | 09480113202 |
| 7 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | AKBARPUR | U P S PASIAPARA | 09480114003 |
| 8 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BASKHARI | P S BANIYANI | 09480200101 |
| 9 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BASKHARI | P S MUHAMMADPUR MUSALMAN | 09480200301 |
| 10 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BASKHARI | U P S UMRAPUR MEENAPUR | 09480201302 |
| 11 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BASKHARI | U P S SHUKLA BAZAR | 09480210003 |
| 12 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BHEETI | P S GOITHA | 09480301101 |
| 13 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BHEETI | P S RUDAUPUR | 09480300701 |
| 14 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BHEETI | U P S CHACHIKPUR | 09480303002 |
| 15 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BHEETI | U P S KEWATAHI | 09480301602 |
| 16 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BHIYAON | P S SUKROULI | 09480400901 |
| 17 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BHIYAON | P S PRATAPPUR KALAN | 09480401701 |
| 18 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BHIYAON | U P S HARSINGHPUR | 09480408902 |
| 19 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | BHIYAON | U P S MADHAVPUR | 09480406902 |
| 20 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | JAHANGIRGAN J | U P S BHABHAURA | 09480701103 |
| 21 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | JAHANGIRGAN J | U P S DEORIA | 09480700103 |
| 22 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | JAHANGIRGAN J | P S KAKRAPAR | 09480701401 |
| 23 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | JAHANGIRGAN J | P S JAHANGIRGANJ I | 09480702102 |
| 24 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | JALALPUR | P S BIBIPUR BHUSAULI I | 09480601001 |
| 25 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | JALALPUR | P S SONGAON | 09480605801 |
| 26 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | JALALPUR | P S BARAGAON I | 09480602901 |
| 27 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | JALALPUR | P S KALYANPUR | 09480612001 |
| 28 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | KATEHARI | P S PAHITIPUR I | 09480502301 |
| 29 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | KATEHARI | P S KHAJOORDEEH | 09480501901 |
| 30 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | KATEHARI | U P S ASHRAFPUR BARAWA | 09480508705 |
| 31 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | KATEHARI | U P S BAHARPUR | 09480506607 |
| 32 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | RAMNAGAR | P S SARAWAN HAMZAPATTI | 09480801801 |
| 33 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | RAMNAGAR | P S MAKARAHI II | 09480801202 |
| 34 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | RAMNAGAR | U P S RAMNAGAR | 09480802206 |
| 35 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | RAMNAGAR | U P S UMARI | 09480807702 |


|  |  |  | BHAWANIPUR |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 36 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | TANDA | P S SOORAPUR | 09480904001 |
| 37 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | TANDA | P S THERMAL PROJECT | 09480911201 |
| 38 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | TANDA | U P S FATEHPUR | 09480910002 |
| 39 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | TANDA | U P S SOORAPUR | 09480912701 |
| 40 | AMBEDKARNAGAR | TANDA TOWN <br> AREA | P S CHHAJJAPUR I | 09481000201 |

List of Schools with DISE code visited by MIR with the help of FIs (District Name: BAHRAICH)

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SL. } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ | District Name | Block Name | School Name | School Code | Type of School |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | BAHRAICH | HUZURPUR | PS MUNSHI PURWA | 09500610101 | Primary |
| 2 | BAHRAICH | NAWABGANJ | PS NAWABGANJ | 09501209401 | Primary |
| 3 | BAHRAICH | NAWABGANJ | PS NOBASTHA | 09501209301 | Primary |
| 4 | BAHRAICH | KESRAGANJ | PS KACHNAPUR | 09500205101 | Primary |
| 5 | BAHRAICH | KESRAGANJ | PS LALPUR KESRAGANJ | 09500206301 | Primary |
| 6 | BAHRAICH | CHINTORA | PS MEERPUR | 09500809001 | Primary |
| 7 | BAHRAICH | MAHSI | PS KAPORPUR MAHSI | 09500407001 | Primary |
| 8 | BAHRAICH | HUZURPUR | PS KATHARI SUGUVI SINGH | 09500603501 | Primary |
| 9 | BAHRAICH | MAHSI | PS NOTNA | 09500400301 | Primary |
| 10 | BAHRAICH | RIJIYA | PS MATRA | 09500910301 | Primary |
| 11 | BAHRAICH | RISIYA | PS KAGAR RISIYA | 09500907401 | Primary |
| 12 | BAHRAICH | PAYAGPUR | PS ASURAN PURWA | 09501408901 | Primary |
| 13 | BAHRAICH | VISHESHGANJ | PS VISHESHGANJ | 09501504501 | Primary |
| 14 | BAHRAICH | JAKHAL | PS JAKHAL DEHAT | 09500104109 | Primary |
| 15 | BAHRAICH | JARWAL | PS JARWAL | 09500107501 | Primary |
| 16 | BAHRAICH | SHIVPUR | PS SHIVPURA | 09500507204 | Primary |
| 17 | BAHRAICH | SHIVPUR | PS REKHONA | 09500507401 | Primary |
| 18 | BAHRAICH | MIHIPURWA | PS GIRIJAPURI | 09501109101 | Primary |
| 19 | BAHRAICH | MIHIPURWA | PS KUDWA | 09501101001 | Primary |
| 20 | BAHRAICH | FAKHARPUR | PS RAMWAPUR | 09500305201 | Primary |
| 21 | BAHRAICH | FAKHARPUR | UPS KANYA POORW SCHOOL | 09500300401 | Middle |
| 22 | BAHRAICH | NAWABGANJ | UPS NAWABGANJ | 09501209403 | Middle |
| 23 | BAHRAICH | KESRAGANJ | UPS KUNDASAR | 09500206103 | Middle |
| 24 | BAHRAICH | CHINTORA | UPS UNNAISA CHINTORA | 09500807102 | Middle |
| 25 | BAHRAICH | CHINTORA | UPS RISIYA JAMAL | 09500809202 | Middle |
| 26 | BAHRAICH | MAHSI | UPS NOTATNA | 09500400302 | Middle |
| 27 | BAHRAICH | BALHA | UPS BALHA | 09501007902 | Middle |
| 28 | BAHRAICH | RIJIYA | UPS MAETRA | 09500910303 | Middle |
| 29 | BAHRAICH | PAYAGPUR | UPS SARSA PAYAGPUR | 09501405605 | Middle |


| 30 | BAHRAICH | PAYAGPUR | UPS JHALATAHAR <br> PAYAGPUR | 09501403303 | Middle |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 31 | BAHRAICH | VISHESHGANJ | UPS VISHESHGANJ | 09501504503 | Middle |
| 32 | BAHRAICH | VISHESHGANJ | UPS RANYAPUR KALA | 09501504402 | Middle |
| 33 | BAHRAICH | JAKHAL | UPS PARSOHAR | 09500106103 | Middle |
| 34 | BAHRAICH | TAJWAPUR | UPS SABLAPUR | 09500704302 | Middle |
| 35 | BAHRAICH | TAJWAPUR | UPS CHETRA | 09500706503 | Middle |
| 36 | BAHRAICH | TAJWAPUR | UPS SHEKHADHIR | 09500701904 | Middle |
| 37 | BAHRAICH | SHIVPUR | UPS BEHDA | 09500502702 | Middle |
| 38 | BAHRAICH | MIHIPURWA | UPS HASULIYA | 09501100402 | Middle |
| 39 | BAHRAICH | MIHIPURWA | UPS MOTIPUR | 09501100203 | Middle |
| 40 | BAHRAICH | MIHIPURWA | UPS MIHIPURWA | 09501100103 | Middle |

List of School with DISE code visited by MI (District Name: BALRAMPUR)
$\left.\begin{array}{|r|r|r|r|r|r|}\hline \text { SL. } & \begin{array}{r}\text { District } \\ \text { Name }\end{array} & \text { Block Name } & \text { School Name } & \begin{array}{r}\text { School } \\ \text { Code }\end{array} & \begin{array}{r}\text { Type of } \\ \text { School }\end{array} \\ \hline 1 & \text { BALRAMPUR } & \text { BALRAMPUR } & \text { PS TADI BAZAR } & 9522900401 & \text { Primary } \\ \hline 2 & \text { BALRAMPUR } & \text { BALRAMPUR } & \text { PS BALSHIISHHA } \\ \text { MANDIR }\end{array}\right)$

| 24 | BALRAMPUR | REHNA BAZAR | PS BASAWAN BANKAT | 9522807101 | Primary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | BALRAMPUR | REHNA BAZAR | PS SAHJAURA | 9522804901 | Primary |
| 26 | BALRAMPUR | BALRAMPUR | NAGAR PALIKA UPS BALRAMPUR |  | Middle |
| 27 | BALRAMPUR | BALRAMPUR | UPS FARENDA | 9522410003 | Middle |
| 28 | BALRAMPUR | BALRAMPUR | UPS GOSA I |  | Middle |
| 29 | BALRAMPUR | BALRAMPUR | UPS GOSA |  | Middle |
| 30 | BALRAMPUR | HARIYA SATGHARAVA | UPS SHIVPURA | 9522107805 | Middle |
| 31 | BALRAMPUR | GENDAS BUZURG | UPS Kaitholia | 9521703002 | Middle |
| 32 | BALRAMPUR | REHNA BAZAR | UPS SALIMPUR | 9522803502 | Middle |
| 33 | BALRAMPUR | GENDAS BUZURG | UPS GODAAS BUZURG | 9521704202 | Middle |
| 34 | BALRAMPUR | SHRIDUTTGANJ | UPS VISHAMBHARPUR | 9522810102 | Middle |
| 35 | BALRAMPUR | UTRAULA | UPS BANGOSRA | 9522608002 | Middle |
| 36 | BALRAMPUR | UTRAULA | UPS BEKASRIYA | 9522607303 | Middle |
| 37 | BALRAMPUR | GAINSARI | UPS RAMNAGRA | 9522306902 | Middle |
| 38 | BALRAMPUR | GAINSARI | UPS NOCHORA | 9522307202 | Middle |
| 39 | BALRAMPUR | REHNA BAZAR | UPS BASAWAN BANKAT | 9522807102 | Middle |
| 40 | BALRAMPUR | REHNA BAZAR | UPS SAHJAURA | 9522804903 | Middle |

## List of Schools with DISE code visited by MIR with the help of FIs <br> (District Name: HARDOI)

| SL. <br> NO | District <br> Name | Block Name | School Name | School Code | Type of <br> School |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 1 | HARDOI | SURSA | P.S.PAHUNTERA | 9250404201 | Primary |
| 2 | HARDOI | PIHANI | P.S.PADRA | 9250208201 | Primary |
| 3 | HARDOI | HARIYAWA | P.S.HARIYAWA <br> JANPAD | 9250106001 | Primary |
| 4 | HARDOI | BEHANDAR | P.S.BEHLOLPUR | 9250302402 | Primary |
| 5 | HARDOI | BHARAWAN | P.S.PATTHARTALI | 9251800402 | Primary |
| 6 | HARDOI | KACHAUNA | P.S.KACHAUNA-I | 9251600101 | Primary |
| 7 | HARDOI | HARDOI | P.S.GirIs Railway Ganj | 9252500101 | Primary |
| 8 | HARDOI | HARPALPUR | P.S.SATAITHA | 9251400301 | Primary |
| 9 | HARDOI | BILGRAM | P.S.HABIBNAGAR |  | 0 |
| 10 | HARDOI | AHIRORI | P.S.ILAASPUR | 9250603606 | Primary |
| 11 | HARDOI | BHARKHANI | P.S.MUNDER | 9251207601 | Primary |
| 12 | HARDOI | BAWAN | P.S.MUJAHIDPUR | 9250704101 | Primary |
| 13 | HARDOI | SHAHABAD | P.S.BASITNAGAR-II | 9251108002 | Primary |
| 14 | HARDOI | SADDILA | P.S.MAKHDUMPUR | 9250505901 | Primary |
| 15 | HARDOI | MADHAVGUNJ | P.S.PILKHANA | 9251904502 | Primary |
| 16 | HARDOI | MALLAWAN | P.S.DARUKUIA | 9250802001 | Primary |
| 17 | HARDOI | KOTHAWAN | P.S.MAMREZPUR | 9251507801 | Primary |
| 18 | HARDOI | SANDI | P.S.AMZADPUR |  | 0 |


| 19 | HARDOI | TADYAWAN | P.S.GADDI PURWA | 0 | Primary |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 20 | HARDOI | TONDARPUR | P.S.SAIDPUR | 9251000201 | Primary |
| 21 | HARDOI | SURSA | U.P.S.PAHUNTERA | 9250404205 | Middle |
| 22 | HARDOI | PIHANI | U.P.S.GIRLS <br> MANSOOR NAGAR | 9250210104 | Middle |
| 23 | HARDOI | HARIYAWA | G.U.P.S.HARIYAWA <br> JANPAD | 92501060040 | Middle |
| 24 | HARDOI | BEHANDAR | U.P.S.QASIMPUR | 9250310601 | Middle |
| 25 | HARDOI | BHARAWAN | U.P.S.U.P.S.KHASRAU |  |  |
| 26 | HARDOI | KACHONA | J.H.S.KACHONA | 9251802703 | Middle |
|  |  | NAGAR <br> NIGAM | G.U.P.S.RAILWAY <br> GUNJ | 900114 | Middle |
| 27 | HARDOI | HARDOI | 9252500107 | Middle |  |
| 28 | HARDOI | HARPALPUR | U.P.S.TIKAR | 9251403602 | Middle |
| 29 | HARDOI | BILGRAM | U.P.S.HEBATPUR | 9251704004 | Middle |
| 30 | HARDOI | AHIRORI | M.S.AHIRORI | 9250606103 | Middle |
| 31 | HARDOI | BHARKHANI | U.P.S.MUNDER | 9251207606 | Middle |
| 32 | HARDOI | BAWAN | U.P.S.TERIA | 9250704602 | Middle |
| 33 | HARDOI | SHAHABAD | U.P.S.SIKANDARPUR <br> KALLU | 92511023040 | Middle |
| 34 | HARDOI | SADDILA | U.P.S.JAMU | 9250505903 | Middle |
| 35 | HARDOI | MADHAVGUNJ | U.P.S.SELAPUR | 9251906503 | Middle |
| 36 | HARDOI | MALLAWAN | U.P.S.DARUKUIYAN | 9250802002 | Middle |
| 37 | HARDOI | KOTHAWAN | U.P.S.BENIGUNJ | 9251507609 | Middle |
| 38 | HARDOI | SANDI | U.P.S.BARANDARI | 9251303302 | Middle |
| 39 | HARDOI | TADYAWAN | U.P.S.TADYAWAN | 9250904202 | Middle |
| 40 | HARDOI | TODARPUR | U.P.S.SATAR |  | 0 |
| Middle |  |  |  |  |  |

List of Schools with DISE code visited by MIR with the help of FIs
(District Name: SULTANPUR)
$\begin{array}{|r|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { SL. } \\ \text { NO. }\end{array} & \text { District Name }\end{array}$ Block Name $\quad$ School Name $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { School } \\ \text { Code }\end{array}\right)$

| 14 | SULTANPUR | KUREBHA | U.P.S.SARANGPUR | 09491509502 | Middle |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | SULTANPUR | KUREBHAR | U.P.S.TEHANSA | 09491509002 | Middle |
| 16 | SULTANPUR | KUREBHAR | U.P.S.ANGNAKOL | 09491501602 | Middle |
| 17 | SULTANPUR | KUREBHAR | M.S.KUREBHAR | 09491503703 | Middle |
| 18 | SULTANPUR | KUREBHAR | U.P.S.KUREBHAR | 09491503804 | Middle |
| 19 | SULTANPUR | KUREBHAR | U.P.S.BHASAUDIH | 09491501302 | Middle |
| 20 | SULTANPUR | NAGAR CHETRA | U.P.S.DEVGARH | New School | Middle |
| 21 | SULTANPUR | NAGAR CHETRA | U.P.S.SANGAM LAL | 09492300106 | Middle |
| 22 | SULTANPUR | NAGAR CHETRA | U.P.S.KHAIRABAD | 09492301805 | Middle |
| 23 | SULTANPUR | NAGAR CHETRA | U.P.S.SHABHDIA | 09492300408 | Middle |
| 24 | SULTANPUR | NAGAR CHETRA | U.P.S.MAJORGUNJ | 09492301906 | Middle |
| 25 | SULTANPUR | KURWAR | U.P.S.GHUSIBHARIYA | 09491605102 | Middle |
| 26 | SULTANPUR | KURWAR | U.P.S.KURWAR | 09491600105 | Middle |
| 27 | SULTANPUR | KURWAR | U.P.S.KHANIMA PURAB | 09491607803 | Middle |
| 28 | SULTANPUR | KURWAR | U.P.S.DHARUPUR | 09491607002 | Middle |
| 29 | SULTANPUR | JAI SINGH PUR | J.H.S.JAI SINGH PUR | 09491204803 | Middle |
| 30 | SULTANPUR | JAI SINGH PUR | J.H.S.GOPALPUR | 09491204602 | Middle |
| 31 | SULTANPUR | P.P.KAMAICHA | J.H.S.ANAPUR | 09491904202 | Middle |
| 32 | SULTANPUR | BHADEYA | U.P.S.BHATPA | 09490402202 | Middle |
| 33 | SULTANPUR | BHADEYA | U.P.S.ABHIYAN KALA | 09490401703 | Middle |
| 34 | SULTANPUR | BHADEYA | U,P,S,BHADEYA | 09490403108 | Middle |
| 35 | SULTANPUR | DUBEYPUR | U.P.S.AMHAT | 09490900102 | Middle |
| 36 | SULTANPUR | DUBEYPUR | U.P.S.TIKRIYA | 09490903502 | Middle |
| 37 | SULTANPUR | BHADHIYA | U.P.S.JUDARA | 09490402002 | Middle |
| 38 | SULTANPUR | BHADHIYA | U.P.S.ASWA | 09490408702 | Middle |
| 39 | SULTANPUR | DHANPATGANJ | J.H.S.BARASIN | 09490705702 | Middle |
| 40 | SULTANPUR | BALDIRAM | J.H.S.HEMNAPUR | 09492609504 | Middle |

# 3rd Half Yearly Monitoring Report of 

MDM for the State of UTTAR PRADESH for the period of
$1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2014 to 30 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ September, 2014

# Districts Monitored/Covered 

## 1. (AMBEDKAR NAGAR)



## 1. At school level

## 1 Availability of Food Grains

| i | Whether buffer stock of food grains for one month is available at the school? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools 29 ( $72.5 \%$ ) schools reported that they have buffer stock for one month. Only 11 ( $27.5 \%$ ) schools reported that they have no buffer stock. |
| ii | Whether food grains are delivered in school in time by the lifting agency? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) reported that foodgrain is delivered at school by lifting agency. Only 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools reported that foodgrains is not delivered by lifting agency. |
| iii | If lifting agency is not delivering the food grains at school how the food grains is transported up to school level? |
| iv | Whether the food grains are of FAQ of Grade A quality? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 28 ( $70 \%$ ) schools have reported that quality of food grain is good. Only $12(30 \%)$ schools have reported that quality of food grain is not good. |
| v | Whether food grains are released to school after adjusting the unspent balance of the previous month? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 25 ( $62.5 \%$ ) schools have reported that food grain is released after adjustment of unspent food grain of previous delivery. 15 (37.5\%) schools reported that food grain is released without adjustment of unspent food grain of previous delivery. |

## 2 Timely releases of funds

| i | Whether State is releasing funds to District / block / school on regular basis in advance? If not, <br> a) Period of delay in releasing funds by State to district. <br> b) Period of delay in releasing funds by District to block / schools. <br> c) Period of delay in releasing funds by block to schools. <br> Out of 40 schools only 31 ( $77.5 \%$ ) schools reported that state is releasing funds in advance. $9(22.5 \%)$ schools reported that state is not releasing funds in advance. <br> a) Period of delay from state to district is reported by 2 months in 1 (2.5\%) school and 3 months in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) school. <br> b) Period of delay from district to block is reported for 2 months by 1 (2.5\%) school and 3 months by 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) school. <br> c) Similarly, period of delay from block to school is reported as 2 months by 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools and 3 months by 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) school. |
| :---: | :---: |
| ii | Any other observations. |
|  | In most of the school period of delay is not more than 15 to 20 days from block to school. |

## 3. Availability of Cooking Cost

| i | Whether school / implementing agency has receiving cooking cost in advance regularly? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools 32 (80\%) receive cooking cost in advance regularly, whereas $8(20 \%)$ <br> schools reported not to receive cooking cost regularly. |
|  | Period of delay, if any, in receipt of cooking cost. |
|  | 4 (10\%) reported that period of delay is 15-20 days and 4 (10\%) reported the period of <br> delay as more than one month. |
| iii | In case of non-receipt of cooking cost how the meal is served? |
|  | 2 (5\%) schools reported that they adjust from other fund whereas 6 (15\%) take help <br> from VSS members. |
| iv | Mode of payment of cooking cost (Cash / cheque / e-transfer)? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 35 (87.5\%) stated the mode of payment though cheque, whereas 3 <br> (7.5\%) schools reported mode of payment through cash. |

## 4. Availability of Cook-cum-helpers

| i | Who engaged Cook-cum-helpers at schools (Department / SMC / VEC / PRI / Self Help Group / NGO /Contractor)? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools cook is engaged by VEC in 14 (35\%) schools, by SMC in 17 (42.5\%) schools, by SHG in 1(2.5\%) school, by PRI in 8 (20\%) schools. |
| ii | If cook-cum-helper is not engaged who cooks and serves the meal? |
|  | In case of no cook $1(2.5 \%)$ school (SHG) has reported to engage Daily wage laborer. |
| iii | Is the number of cooks-cum-helpers engaged in the school as per GOI norms or as per State norms? |
|  | Out of 40 schools $16(40 \%)$ schools have reported that cook is appointed as per Government of India norms. |
| iv | Honorarium paid to cooks cum helpers. |
|  | 34 (85\%) schools reported that cook is paid honorarium. <br> Out of 40 schools 31 ( $77.5 \%$ ) reported that honorarium Rs. 1000 is paid to cook. |
| v | Mode of payment to cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | The mode of payment to cook is by Cheque in 38 (95\%) schools and by cash in 1 (2.5\%) schools. |
| vi | Are the remuneration paid to cooks cum helpers regularly? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 34 (85\%) reported that cook is paid regularly. |
| vii | Social Composition of cooks cum helpers? (SC/ST/OBC/Minority) |
|  | Out of 40 schools 28 ( $70 \%$ ) schools engaged as cooks OBC persons, 7 ( $17.5 \%$ ) schools engaged SC person as cook, $1(2.5 \%)$ school engaged minority as cook. Health check up of cook is done in $18(45 \%)$ schools. |
| viii | Is there any training module for cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | Training module is available in 18 (30\%) schools. |
| ix | Whether training has been provided to cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | Training to cook is provided in 18 (45\%) schools. In 22 (55\%) schools training is not |


|  | provided nor is any training module available. |
| :--- | :--- |
| x | In case the meal is prepared and transported by the Centralized kitchen / NGO, whether <br> cook-cum-helpers have been engaged to serve the meal to the children at school level. |
|  | If meal is prepared and transported by the Centralized kitchen / NGO, 9 (22.5\%) schools <br> reported that cook-cum-helpers have been engaged to serve the meal to the children at <br> school level. |
| xi | Whether health check-up of cook-cum-helpers has been done? |
|  | Health checkup of cook is done in 19 (47.5\%) schools. |

## 5. Regularity in Serving Meal

i $\quad$ Whether the school is serving hot cooked meal daily? If there was interruption, what was the extent and reasons for the same?
Out of 40 schools hot cooked meal is served daily in 36 ( $90 \%$ ) schools.

## 6. Quality \&Quantity of Meal

Feedback from children on

| i | Quality of meal |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Quality of meal is good in 20 (50\%) schools, average in 17 (42.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Quantity of meal |
|  | Quantity of meal is sufficient in $32(80 \%)$ schools and insufficient in 1 (2.5\%) school. |
| iii | Quantity of pulses used in the meal per child. |
|  | Quantity of pulses per child is reported as 20 gm . in $8(17.5 \%)$ schools, 25 gm . in 10 ( $25 \%$ ) schools, 30 gm in $8(20 \%)$ and 37.5 gm . in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools, 40 gm . in $6(15 \%)$ schools 50 gm . in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools, 100 gm . in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| iv | Quantity of green leafy vegetables used in the meal per child. |
|  | Quantity of green leafy vegetable per child is given as 100 gm . in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, 90 gm. in 11 ( $27.5 \%$ ) schools, 80 gm . in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, 75 gm . in $2(25 \%)$ schools, 60 gm. in 11 ( $27.5 \%$ ) schools, 50 gm . in 7 ( $17.5 \%$ ) schools $30-\mathrm{gm}$ in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools, 25 gms. in 2 (5\%) schools. |
| v | Whether double fortified salt is used? |
|  | Double fortified salt is provided in 35 (87.5\%) schools. |
| vi | Acceptance of the meal amongst the children. |
|  | Out of 40 schools the children of 38 ( $95 \%$ ) schools have happily accepted and they are satisfied with the quantity. The children of $2(5 \%)$ schools did not accept the meal and quantity of meal was not satisfactory. |
| vii | Method / Standard gadgets / equipment for measuring the quantity of food to be cooked and served. |
|  | Standard Gadget measuring quantity is found in 32 (80\%) schools. |

## 7. Variety of Menu

| i | Who decides the menu? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools $36(90 \%)$ schools stated that menu is decided by authority, by VSS in 1 (2.5\%) schools. <br> Out of 40 schools 21 ( $52.5 \%$ ) schools stated that menu is decided by authority, by students in $1(2.5 \%)$, by teachers in 13 ( $32.5 \%$ ) school and by VSS in $37.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| ii | Whether weekly menu is displayed at a prominent place noticeable to community, |
|  | It was observed that weekly menu was displayed in 39 (97.5\%) schools. |
| iii | Is the menu being followed uniformly? |
|  | Yes, Menu was followed uniformly in 40 (100\%) schools. |
| iv | Whether menu includes locally available ingredients? |
|  | Menu included local gradients in 38 ( $95 \%$ ) schools. local gradients were not included in 2 (5\%) schools. |
| v | Whether menu provides required nutritional and calorific value per child? |
|  | Menu provides required nutritional and calorific value per child. The nutritional calorific value was included in 38 ( $95 \%$ ) schools. But it not included in 2 (5\%) schools. |

## 8. Display of Information under Right to Education Act, 2009

| i <br> a) | Display of Information under Right to Education Act, 2009 at the school level at <br> prominent place <br> Quantity and date of food grains received |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of sampled schools, no school has provided information about the quantity of food <br> grain received and the date of receiving. As food grain in most cases is delivered <br> directly at the house of Pradhan and then comes to school as per daily requirement. |
| b) | Balance quantity of food grains utilized during the month. |
|  | Yes, balance quantity was utilized during the month |
| c) | Other ingredients purchased, utilized |
|  | Yes, other ingredients purchased, utilized |
| d) | Number of children given MDM |
|  | About 3202 children are given MDM in the district, out of which 2906 children taken <br> MDM on the day of Visit |
| e) | Daily menu displayed on notice board |
|  | Daily menu displayed on notice board in 36 (90\%) school |
| ii | Display of MDM logo at prominent place preferably outside wall of the school. |
|  | Out of 40 schools MDM logo was displayed in $26(65 \%)$ schools. |

## 9. Trends

Extent of variation (As per school records vis-à-vis Actual on the day of visit).

| i | Enrolment |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | The total enrolment of the sampled school is 4972. |
| ii | The total enrolment of the sampled school is 4972 Out of total enrolment 3202 (64.40\%) students are given MDM |
|  | As per no. of children availing MDM is 3202. |
| iii | No. of children availing MDM as per MDM Register. |
|  | As per MDM register number of children availing MDM is 2906 ( $58.45 \%$ ) children availed MDM on the day of visit. |
| iv | No. of children actually availing MDM on the day of visit as per head count |
|  | Out of total enrolment 2906 (58.45\%) students are given MDM. |

## 10. Social Equity

| i | What is the system of serving and seating arrangements for eating? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools children were served meal sitting on mat/tat patti in $7(17.5 \%)$ <br> schools, on ground in $32(80 \%)$ schools and any other in $1(2.5 \%)$ school. |
|  | Did you observe any gender or caste or community discrimination in cooking or serving <br> or seating arrangements? |
|  | No any discrimination of gender, caste or community was observed in cooking or <br> serving or seating arrangements. |
| iii | The name of the school where discrimination found of any kind may be mentioned in <br> the main body of the report along with date of visit. |
|  | N.A. |
| iv | If any kind of social discrimination is found in the school, comments of the team may be <br> given in the inspection register of the school. |
|  | No any sort of social discrimination found |
| V | Comments in inspection Register |
|  | Comment was not given in inspection register of any schools. |

## 11. Convergence With Other Scheme

| 1 | Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools convergence with SSA was found in $39(97.5 \%)$ schools. |
| 2 | School Health Programme <br> i |
|  | Is there school Health Card maintained for each child? <br> maintained in all 38 (95\%) schools |
| ii | What is the frequency of health check-up? |
|  | Frequency of health check up was yearly in 14 (35\%) school, half yearly in 23 (57.5\%) <br> schools, quarterly in $3(7.5 \%)$ schools. |


| iii | Whether children are given micronutrients (Iron, folic acid, vitamin - A dosage) and de-worming medicine periodically? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools micronutrients given in 39 ( $97.5 \%$ ) schools and de-worming medicine was given in 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| iv | Who administers these medicines and at what frequency? |
|  | Out of 40 schools medicine is administered by Govt. doctors in 39 ( $97.5 \%$ ) schools, by teacher in $1(2.5 \%)$ school. The frequency of medicine is yearly in $12(30 \%)$ schools, half yearly in 18 ( $45 \%$ ) schools, quarterly in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools and occasionally in 2 (5\%) school. |
| v | Whether height and weight record of the children is being indicated in the school health card. |
|  | Yes, height and record of the children is being indicated in school health card of 38 (95\%) schools |
| vi | Whether any referral during the period of monitoring. |
|  | During the period of monitoring no referral was observed. |
| vii | Instances of medical emergency during the period of monitoring. |
|  | No instances of emergency were mentioned at district level but MI found instances of emergency in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| viii | Availability of the first aid medical kit in the schools. |
|  | MI observed that first aid box is available in 30 ( $75 \%$ ) school. It was not available in 10 (25\%) schools. |
| ix | Dental and eye check-up included in the screening. |
|  | The district administration has mentioned that dental and eye check up is done in each and every school and spectacles were distributed to needy students. However, MI found that dental and eye check up was done in 39 ( $97.5 \%$ ) schools |
| x | Distribution of spectacles to children suffering from refractive error. |
|  | Spectacles to children suffering from refractive error distributed in 13 (32.5\%) schools. |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2 \\ \mathrm{i} \end{array}$ | Drinking Water and Sanitation Programme |
|  | Whether potable water is available for drinking purpose in convergence with Drinking Water and Sanitation Programme. |
|  | Out of 40 schools potable water was available in 39 (97.5\%) schools. |
| 3 | MPLAD / MLA Scheme |
|  | Out of 40 schools drinking water scheme was sponsored by MPLAD in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools andby MLA in 1 (2.5\%) schools |
| 4 | Any Other Department / Scheme. |
|  | Out of 40 schools drinking water scheme was sponsored by Department in 10 (25\%) schools and by others in 16 (40\%) schools.. |

## 12. Infrastructure

| $1 \mathrm{a}$ | Kitchen cum store <br> Is there a pucca kitchen shed-cum-store |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| ii | Constructed and in use |
|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 38 (95\%) schools and it is in use. |
| iii | Under which Scheme Kitchen-cum-store constructed -MDM/SSA/Others |
|  | The kitchen was constructed under MDM scheme in 19 (47.5\%) schools, under SSA in 13 (32.5\%) schools and under other in 2 (5\%) schools. 6 ( $15 \%$ ) schools have no information about under which kitchen shed was constructed. |
| iv | Constructed but not in use (Reasons for not using) |
|  | The entire kitchen constructed was in use. |
| v | Under construction |
|  | No kitchen shed was under construction. |
| vi | Sanctioned, but construction not started |
|  | Construction complete in all school |
| vii | Not sanctioned |
|  | All kitchen sheds were properly sanctioned |
| b | In case the pucca kitchen-cum-store is not available, where is the food being cooked and where the foodgrains /other ingredients are being stored? |
|  | Only 3 (7.5\%) school has reported to prepare MDM in other space. Food grains are stored in classroom in 3 (7.5\%) schools. |
| c | Kitchen-cum-store in hygienic condition, properly ventilated and away from classrooms. |
|  | MI observed that kitchen sheds are well ventilated in 28 (70\%) schools, away from class room $9(22.5 \%)$ schools and having hygienic condition in $30(75 \%)$ schools. |
| d | Whether MDM is being cooked by using firewood or LPG based cooking? |
|  | Out of 40 schools LPG was in 2 (5\%) schools and wood was used in 37 (92.5\%) schools. |
| e | Whether on any day there was interruption due to non-availability of firewood or LPG? |
|  | MDM was interrupted due to shortage of fuel in 9 (22.5\%) schools. |
| 2 | Whether cooking utensils are available in the school? |
|  | Out of 40 schools cooking utensils was available in all 40 (100\%) schools. |
| ii | Source of funding for cooking and serving utensils - Kitchen Devices fund / MME Community contribution / others. |
|  | Source of funding was by MME in 3 (7.5\%) schools and by others in 18 (45\%) schools. 19 (47.5\%) schools did not know from where cooking utensils were purchased. |
| iii | Whether eating plates etc. are available in the school? |
|  | Plates were available in 2 (5\%) schools. |
| iv | Source of funding for eating plates - MME / Community contribution / others? |
|  | The source of its funding was MME in 1 (2.5\%) schools and by others in 1 (2.5\%) schools. |
| 3 | Kitchen Devices |


|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen devices were available in 38 ( $95 \%$ ) schools and source of funding was Community contribution in $2(5 \%)$ schools, MME in $6(15 \%)$ schools and by others in $2(5 \%)$ schools. |
| :---: | :---: |
| $4$ | Availability of storage bins <br> Whether storage bins are available for food grains? If yes, what is the source of their procurement? |
|  | MI found storage bin was available only in 2 (5\%) schools. The source of funding was by Community contribution in $1(2.5 \%)$ school, by Department in $1(2.55 \%)$ schools, in $38(95 \%)$ storage bin was not available. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & i \end{aligned}$ | Toilets in the school Is separate toilet for the boys and girls are available? |
|  | Yes, separate toilet for the boys and girls are available in 30 (75\%) schools. |
| ii | Are toilets usable? |
|  | Toilets are usable in 24 (60\%) schools. |
| $6$ | Availability of potable water <br> Is Tap water / tube well / hand pump / Well / Jet pump available? |
|  | Potable water is available in 38 ( $95 \%$ ) schools. Out of which Hand pump was available in 38 (95\%) school. |
| ii | Any other source |
|  | Potable water is available in 1 (2.5\%) schools by other source. |
| 7 | Availability of fire extinguishers |
|  | Fire extinguishers were available in $40(100 \%)$ schools. |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 8 \\ \mathrm{a} \end{array}$ | 4. IT infrastructure availabie $@$ School level Number of computers available in the school (if any). |
|  | 3 Computers were available in the $8(20 \%)$ schools, 2 computers were available in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools and 1 computer available in $2(5 \%)$ schools. |
| b | Availability of internet connection (If any). |
|  | Internet connection was not available in any school. Some teachers were seen using their own internet. |
| c | Using any IT / IT enabled services based solutions / services (like e-learning etc.) (if any) |
|  | IT enable services were not used any school. |

## 13. Safety \& hygiene

| i | General Impression of the environment, Safety and hygiene: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The cooking process is safe in $35(87.5 \%)$ schools as they have proper ventilation. |
| ii | Are children encouraged to wash hands before and after eating |
|  | MI observed that children washed their hands before taking meals in $39(97.5 \%)$ <br> schools. |
|  | Do the children take meals in an orderly manner? |
|  | Children take meal in orderly manner in 40 (100\%) schools. |
| iv | Conservation of water? |
|  | MI observed that children conserve water in $40(100 \%)$ schools. |


| v | Is the cooking process and storage of fuel safe, not posing any fire hazard? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The cooking process is safe in $35(87.5 \%)$ schools. |

## 14. Community Particiption



## 15. Inspection and Supervision

| i | Is there any Inspection Register available at school level? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Inspection register was available in 36 (90\%) schools. |
| ii | Whether school has received any funds under MME component? |
|  | 13 (32.5\%) schools have received funds under MME component |
| iii | Whether State / District / Block level officers / officials inspecting the MDM Scheme? |
|  | The inspection was done by block level officers in 25 ( $62.5 \%$ ) schools, district officers in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools, MDM office inspector in $2(5 \%)$ schools and by no state officers in any school. |
| iv | The frequency of such inspections? |
|  | The frequency of such inspections was more than thrice in a month in 3 (7.5\%) schools, once in $13(32.5 \%)$ schools, thrice in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools and twice in 11 (27.5\%) schools. |

## 16. Impact

| i | Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance, retention of children in school? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | MDM has improved enrolment in $34(85 \%)$ schools, improved attendance in $33(82.5 \%)$ <br> schools, and improved retention in $33(82.5 \%)$ schools. |
| ii | Whether mid day meal has helped in improvement of the social harmony? |
|  | Yes, it has improved social harmony in improve enrolment, improved attendance and in <br> improved retention schools. |
|  | Whether mid day meal has helped in improvement of the nutritional status of the children? |
|  | Yes, MDM has improved nutritional status in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| iv | Is there any other incidental benefit due to serving of meal in schools? |
|  | No incidental benefit was observed due to serving of meal in schools. |

17. Grievance Redressal Mechanism

| i | Is any grievance redressal mechanism in the district for MDMS? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Grievance redressal mechanism was seen $36(90 \%)$ sampled schools. |
| ii | Whether the district / block / school having any toll free number? |
|  | Toll free number was available in $13(32.5 \%)$ schools. |

# MI report of MDM Monitoring 

Disrtrict Ambedkar Nagar,U.P
(w.e.f 28.01.2015 to 06.02.2015)

Monitoring of SSA \& MDM in the district Ambedkar Nagar,U.P was conducted from 28.01.2015 to 06.02.2015. I reached Ambedkar Nagar on $28^{\text {th }}$ January, 2015. Mr. Pradeep Mishra (AAO) helped in arranging the hotel for my stay. A meeting was conducted in the BSA office with Mr. Pradeep Mishra and other SSA and MDM district coordinators. After meeting field investigators were interviewed and selected. There after they were given two days training on how to conduct the survey and collect the data from Primary and upper primary schools from different blocks with the help of DCD-I. List of all blocks and all primary \& upper primary schools were provided by the SSA office. Through stratified random sampling schools were selected from various blocks including CAL, NPGEL, EBB and other special training schools. After selection of schools these were allotted to 20 field investigator. Each was given two schools for data capture, totalling to 40 schools. Field investigators were sent to the field for data collection with an authority letter from the office of the BSA.
I visited total 14 primary and upper Primary schools, 7 KGBV, BRC and NPRC. I visited the following schools.

1. I visited PS kataria yaqoobpur, Block Akbarpur on 30.01.2015. students presence in Class I 15/29

Class II 07/22
Class III 14/24
Class IV 11/16 Class V 7/9
MDM was cooked for 54 students. Quality of food was good. Students were satisfied with their MDM. No complain from students regarding MDM. School was very good condition. Toilets are also clean. Menu chart are display in proper place.MDM were given to children according to the menu.
2. I Visited UPS Pasia Para, Block Akbarpur on $30^{\text {th }}$ Januuary, 2015. In these school total 5 teachers all were present on the day of visit. The student's presences are as follows.

Class VI: $10 / 25$
Class VII: $\quad 11 / 32$
Class VIII: $14 / 39$
MDM was cooked for 62 students on 29.01.2015 but on day of my visit only 35 students were present. One H Pump for drinking water. Menu Chart was not display properly also not visible. Quality of MDM was satisfactory.
3. I visited UPS Surapur, Block Tanda dated 31.01.2015. Total sanction post are 5. 4 teachers are appointed. One post is vacant. All 4 teachers were present. Enrolments are as follows:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Class VI } & 20 / 48 \\
\text { Class VII } & 33 / 47 \\
\text { Class VIII } & 22 / 29
\end{array}
$$

Total enrolments are 124 and presences of the students are 75 but MDM was cooked 72 students. Quality of MDM was satisfactory. Main Gate of the school was broken by the Electricity department. Hand pump in the school for drinking water.
4. I visited this PS Surapur, block Tanda with BRC Mr. Adil. In this school only 3 teachers were appointed but two teachers were present. Enrolments are as follows:

| Class I | $9 / 22$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Class II | $13 / 30$ |
| Class III | $25 / 38$ |
| Class IV | $36 / 57$ |
| Class V | $25 / 43$ |

Two H.P for drinking water. Separate toilet for boys and girls. Menu chart

Display on the kitchen wall. MDM quality was average.
6. I visited PS. Thermal Power Project, Tanda Block on 02.02.2015. Total

Three teachers are in the school. All are present on day of my visit.
Presence of the students are as follow:
Class I
16/23
Class II 25/37
Class III 25/41
Class IV 17/27
Class V 31/39
Total 114 students were present. MDM was given 114 students. School
was very clean. School building was also very good condition. Running
water and H.P for drinking water. MDM was satisfactory.


MI Representative Shakeel Ahmad Khan With School H.M, BRC Mr. Adil and School teacher
7. I visited PS Salempur, Block Baskhari on 02.02.2015. In this school $50 \%$ students are present but MDM was not given. MDM closed from 31.01.2015 to till date. H.M was facing problem from Pardhan. Pardhan is not providing food items for MDM.
8. I visited UPS salempur block Baskhari on 02.02.15. MDM was closed from 31.01.15 to till date. Pardhan was not providing food material.
9. I visited PS Makrahi -I. Total enrolments in the schools are 88 and presences are 44 . MDM was not given according to the menu. On day of my visit menu was Subzi \& roti but MDM was served to the students tehri by the order of Pardhan. Menu chart display in the kitchen hall.
10. I visited UPS Dagdagwa, block Ramnagar. Menu chart display in the kitchen hall. In this school also MDM was not served according to the menu. MDM served to the students Dal \& chawal but in the menu Subzi \& roti.

Note: Maximum school Head Masters are facing problems from Pardhan.Pardhans are not providing food items according to menu and students attendance. They are providing food items less than the presence of the students.

MI Representative<br>Shakeel Ahmad Khan<br>(Project Fellow SSA \& MDM)<br>Jamia Millia Islamia<br>New Delhi-110025

## 3rd Half Yearly Monitoring Report of

 MDM for the State of UTTAR PRADESH for the period of$$
1^{\text {st }} \text { April, } 2014 \text { to } 30^{\text {th }} \text { September, } 2014
$$

# Districts Monitored/Covered 

## 2. (BHRAICH)



## 1. At school level

## 1 Availability of Food Grains

| i | Whether buffer stock of food grains for one month is available at the school? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools $7(17.5 \%)$ schools reported that they have buffer stock for one month. <br> Only $33(82.5 \%)$ schools reported that they have no buffer stock. |
| ii | Whether food grains are delivered in school in time by the lifting agency? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 26 ( $65 \%$ ) reported that foodgrain is delivered at school by lifting <br> agency. Only $14(35 \%)$ schools reported that foodgrains is not delivered by lifting <br> agency. |
| iii | If lifting agency is not delivering the food grains at school how the food grains is transported <br> up to school level? |
| iv | Whether the food grains are of FAQ of Grade A quality? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 15 (37.5\%) schools have reported that quality of food grain is good. <br> Only 25 (62.5\%) schools have reported that quality of food grain is not good. |
| V | Whether food grains are released to school after adjusting the unspent balance of the <br> previous month? |
| Out of 40 schools 15 (37.5\%) schools have reported that food grain is released after <br> adjustment of unspent food grain of previous delivery. 25 (62.5\%) schools reported that <br> food grain is released without adjustment of unspent food grain of previous delivery. |  |

## 2 Timely releases of funds

| i | Whether State is releasing funds to District / block / school on regular basis in <br> advance? If not, <br> d) Period of delay in releasing funds by State to district. <br> e) Period of delay in releasing funds by District to block / schools. <br> f) Period of delay in releasing funds by block to schools. |
| :--- | :--- |

## 18. Availability of Cooking Cost

| i | Whether school / implementing agency has receiving cooking cost in advance regularly? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools 29 (72.5\%) receive cooking cost in advance regularly, whereas 11 <br> $(27.5 \%)$ schools reported not to receive cooking cost regularly. |
|  | Period of delay, if any, in receipt of cooking cost. |
|  | Iii |
|  | In case of non-receipt of cooking cost how the meal is served? |
| iv | Mode of payment of cooking cost (Cash / cheque / e-transfer)? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 35 (87.5\%) stated the mode of payment though cheque, whereas 1 <br> (2.5\%) schools reported mode of payment through cash. |

## 19. Availability of Cook-cum-helpers

| i | Who engaged Cook-cum-helpers at schools (Department / SMC / VEC / PRI / Self Help Group / NGO /Contractor)? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools cook is engaged by VEC in 10 (25\%) schools, by SMC in 19 (47.5\%) schools, by SHG in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) school, by PRI in 2 (5\%) schools. |
| ii | If cook-cum-helper is not engaged who cooks and serves the meal? |
|  | In case of no cook $1(2.5 \%)$ school (SHG) has reported to engage Daily wage laborer. |
| iii | Is the number of cooks-cum-helpers engaged in the school as per GOI norms or as per State norms? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 6(15\%) schools have reported that cook is appointed as per Government of India norms. |
| iv | Honorarium paid to cooks cum helpers. |
|  | 35 (87.5\%) schools reported that cook is paid honorarium. <br> Out of 40 schools 30 ( $75 \%$ ) reported that honorarium Rs. 1000 is paid to cook. |
| v | Mode of payment to cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | The mode of payment to cook is by Cheque in 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools and by cash in 1 (2.5\%) schools. |
| vi | Are the remuneration paid to cooks cum helpers regularly? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 29 (72.5\%) reported that cook is paid regularly. |
| vii | Social Composition of cooks cum helpers? (SC/ST/OBC/Minority) |
|  | Out of 40 schools 30 ( $75 \%$ ) schools engaged as cooks OBC persons, 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools engaged SC person as cook, $1(2.5 \%)$ school engaged minority as cook. Health check up of cook is done in 14 (35\%) schools. |
| viii | Is there any training module for cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | Training module is available in 3 (7.5\%) schools. |
| ix | Whether training has been provided to cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | Training to cook is provided in 2 (5\%) schools. In 38 (95\%) schools training is not provided nor is any training module available. |


| x | In case the meal is prepared and transported by the Centralized kitchen / NGO, whether <br> cook-cum-helpers have been engaged to serve the meal to the children at school level. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | If meal is prepared and transported by the Centralized kitchen / NGO, 4 (10\%) schools <br> reported that cook-cum-helpers have been engaged to serve the meal to the children at <br> school level. |
| xi | Whether health check-up of cook-cum-helpers has been done? |
|  | Health checkup of cook is done in $14(35 \%)$ schools. |

## 20. Regularity in Serving Meal

| i | Whether the school is serving hot cooked meal daily? If there was interruption, what |
| :--- | :--- | was the extent and reasons for the same?

Out of 40 schools hot cooked meal is served daily in 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools.

## 21. Quality \&Quantity of Meal

## Feedback from children on

| 1 | Quality of meal |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Quality of meal is good in 17 (42.5\%) schools, average in 20 (50\%) schools. |
| ii | Quantity of meal |
|  | Quantity of meal is sufficient in 27 (67.5\%) schools and insufficient in 13 (32.5\%) school. |
| iii | Quantity of pulses used in the meal per child. |
|  | Quantity of pulses per child is reported as 20 gm . in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 25 gm . in $6(15 \%)$ schools, 30 gm in $8(20 \%), 40 \mathrm{gm}$. in $6(15 \%)$ schools, 50 gm . in $4(10 \%)$ schools. 100 gm. in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools. 150 gm. in $3(7.5 \%)$ schools. |
| iv | Quantity of green leafy vegetables used in the meal per child. |
|  | Quantity of green leafy vegetable per child is given as 150 gm . in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools. 100 gm . in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 90 gm . in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools, 60 gm . in $14(35 \%)$ schools, 50 gm. in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools, 45 gm . in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, 40 gm . in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, 30 gm in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| v | Whether double fortified salt is used? |
|  | Double fortified salt is provided in 30 (75\%) schools. |
| vi | Acceptance of the meal amongst the children. |
|  | Out of 40 schools the children of 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools have happily accepted and they are satisfied with the quantity. The children of 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools did not accept the meal and quantity of meal was not satisfactory. |
| vii | Method / Standard gadgets / equipment for measuring the quantity of food to be cooked |


|  | and served. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Standard Gadget measuring quantity is found in $23(57.5 \%)$ schools. |

## 22. Variety of Menu

| i | Who decides the menu? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools 33 (82.5\%) schools stated that menu is decided by authority, by VSS <br> in 2 (5\%) schools and by teacher in $4(10 \%)$ school. |
| ii | Whether weekly menu is displayed at a prominent place noticeable to community, |
|  | It was observed that weekly menu was displayed in 39 (97.5\%) schools. |
| iii | Is the menu being followed uniformly? |
|  | Yes, Menu was followed uniformly in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| iv | Whether menu includes locally available ingredients? |
|  | Menu included local gradients in 40 (100\%) schools. |
| v | Whether menu provides required nutritional and calorific value per child? |
|  | Menu provides required nutritional and calorific value per child. The nutritional calorific <br> value was included in 40 (100\%) schools. |

## 23. Display of Information under Right to Education Act, 2009

| i <br> a) | Display of Information under Right to Education Act, 2009 at the school level at <br> prominent place <br> Quantity and date of food grains received |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of sampled schools, no school has provided information about the quantity of food <br> grain received and the date of receiving. As food grain in most cases is delivered <br> directly at the house of Pradhan and then comes to school as per daily requirement. |
| b) | Balance quantity of food grains utilized during the month. |
|  | Yes, balance quantity was utilized during the month |
| c) | Other ingredients purchased, utilized |
|  | Yes, other ingredients purchased, utilized |
| d) | Number of children given MDM |
|  | About 2655 children are given MDM in the district, out of which 2604 children taken <br> MDM on the day of Visit |
| e) | Daily menu displayed on notice board |
|  | Daily menu displayed on notice board in 33 (82.5\%) school |
| ii | Display of MDM logo at prominent place preferably outside wall of the school. |
|  | Out of 40 schools MDM logo was displayed in 33 (82.5\%) schools. |

## 24. Trends

Extent of variation (As per school records vis-à-vis Actual on the day of visit).

| i | Enrolment |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | The total enrolment of the sampled school is 6480 . |
| ii | The total enrolment of the sampled school is 6480 Out of total enrolment 2655 ( $40.97 \%$ ) students are given MDM |
|  | As per no. of children availing MDM is 2604. |
| iii | No. of children availing MDM as per MDM Register. |
|  | As per MDM register number of children availing MDM is 2604 ( $40.18 \%$ ) children availed MDM on the day of visit. |
| iv | No. of children actually availing MDM on the day of visit as per head count |
|  | Out of total enrolment 2604 (40.18\%) students are given MDM. |

## 25. Social Equity

| i | What is the system of serving and seating arrangements for eating? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools children were served meal sitting on ground in $19(47.5 \%)$ schools <br> and any other in $4(10 \%)$ school. |
|  | Did you observe any gender or caste or community discrimination in cooking or serving <br> or seating arrangements? |
|  | No any discrimination of gender, caste or community was observed in cooking or <br> serving or seating arrangements. |
| iii | The name of the school where discrimination found of any kind may be mentioned in <br> the main body of the report along with date of visit. |
|  | N.A. |
| iv | If any kind of social discrimination is found in the school, comments of the team may be <br> given in the inspection register of the school. |
|  | No any sort of social discrimination found |
| V | Comments in inspection Register |
|  | Comment was not given in inspection register of any schools. |

## 26. Convergence With Other Scheme

| 1 | Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools convergence with SSA was found in $39(97.5 \%)$ schools. |
| 2 | School Health Programme <br> i |
|  | Is there school Health Card maintained for each child? <br> Maintained in all 25 (62.5\%) schools |
| What is the frequency of health check-up? |  |
|  | Frequency of health check up was yearly in $10(25 \%)$ school, half yearly in $19(47.5 \%)$ <br> schools, monthly in $2(7.5 \%)$ schools. |


| iii | Whether children are given micronutrients (Iron, folic acid, vitamin - A dosage) and de-worming medicine periodically? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools micronutrients given in 34 ( $85 \%$ ) schools and de-worming medicine was given in 34 ( $85 \%$ ) schools. |
| iv | Who administers these medicines and at what frequency? |
|  | Out of 40 schools medicine is administered by Govt. doctors in 37 ( $92.5 \%$ ) schools. The frequency of medicine is yearly in $10(25 \%)$ schools, half yearly in $20(50 \%)$ schools, quarterly in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| v | Whether height and weight record of the children is being indicated in the school health card. |
|  | Yes, height and record of the children is being indicated in school health card of 27 (67.5\%) schools |
| vi | Whether any referral during the period of monitoring. |
|  | During the period of monitoring no referral was observed. |
| vii | Instances of medical emergency during the period of monitoring. |
|  | No instances of emergency were mentioned at district level. |
| viii | Availability of the first aid medical kit in the schools. |
|  | MI observed that first aid box is available in 29 (72.5\%) school. It was not available in 11 (27.5\%) schools. |
| ix | Dental and eye check-up included in the screening. |
|  | The district administration has mentioned that dental and eye check up is done in each and every school and spectacles were distributed to needy students. However, MI found that dental and eye check up was done in $30(75 \%)$ schools |
| x | Distribution of spectacles to children suffering from refractive error. |
|  | Spectacles to children suffering from refractive error distributed in 10 (25\%) schools. |
| 2 | Drinking Water and Sanitation Programme |
|  | Whether potable water is available for drinking purpose in convergence with Drinking Water and Sanitation Programme. |
|  | Out of 40 schools potable water was available in 34 (85\%) schools. |
| 3 | MPLAD / MLA Scheme |
|  | Out of 40 schools drinking water scheme was not sponsored by MPLAD / MLA in any schools |
| 4 | Any Other Department / Scheme. |
|  | Out of 40 schools drinking water scheme was sponsored by Department in 1 (2.5\%) schools and by others in 12 (30\%) schools. |

## 27. Infrastructure

| $1 \mathrm{a}$ | Kitchen cum store <br> Is there a pucca kitchen shed-cum-store |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 30 (75\%) schools. |
| ii | Constructed and in use |
|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 30 (75\%) schools and it is in use. |
| iii | Under which Scheme Kitchen-cum-store constructed -MDM/SSA/Others |
|  | The kitchen was constructed under MDM scheme in $8(20 \%)$ schools, under SSA in 10 $(25 \%)$ schools and under other in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools. 21 ( $52.5 \%$ ) schools have no information about under which kitchen shed was constructed. |
| iv | Constructed but not in use (Reasons for not using) |
|  | The entire kitchen constructed was in use. |
| v | Under construction |
|  | No kitchen shed was under construction. |
| vi | Sanctioned, but construction not started |
|  | Construction complete in all school |
| vii | Not sanctioned |
|  | All kitchen sheds were properly sanctioned |
| b | In case the pucca kitchen-cum-store is not available, where is the food being cooked and where the foodgrains /other ingredients are being stored? |
|  | Only 2 (5\%) school has reported to prepare MDM in other space. Food grains are stored in classroom in 2 (5\%) schools. |
| c | Kitchen-cum-store in hygienic condition, properly ventilated and away from classrooms. |
|  | MI observed that kitchen sheds are well ventilated in 9 (22.5\%) schools, away from class room 10 ( $25 \%$ ) schools and having hygienic condition in 19 (47.5\%) schools. |
| d | Whether MDM is being cooked by using firewood or LPG based cooking? |
|  | Out of 40 schools LPG was in 3 (7.5\%) schools and wood was used in 29 (72.5\%) schools. |
| E | Whether on any day there was interruption due to non-availability of firewood or LPG? |
|  | MDM was interrupted due to shortage of fuel in 7 (17.5\%) schools. |
| 2 | Whether cooking utensils are available in the school? |
|  | Out of 40 schools cooking utensils was available in all 39 (97.5\%) schools. |
| Ii | Source of funding for cooking and serving utensils - Kitchen Devices fund / MME / Community contribution / others. |
|  | Source of funding was by MME in 4 (10\%) schools and by others in 13 (32.5\%) schools. 23 (57.5\%) schools did not know from where cooking utensils were purchased. |
| iii | Whether eating plates etc. are available in the school? |
|  | Plates were available in 8 (20\%) schools. |
| iv | Source of funding for eating plates - MME / Community contribution / others? |
|  | The source of its funding was MME in 4 (10\%) schools. |
| 3 | Kitchen Devices |


| 4 | A |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Whether storage bins are available for food grains? If yes, what is the source of their procurement? |
|  | MI found storage bin was available only in 24 (60\%) schools. in 16 (40\%) storage bin was not available. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \mathrm{i} \end{aligned}$ | Toilets in the school |
|  | Is separate toilet for the boys and girls are available? |
|  | Yes, separate toilet for the boys and girls are available in 35 (87.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Are toilets usable? |
|  | Toilets are usable in 31 (77.5\%) schools. |
| 6 | Availability of potable water |
|  | Is Tap water / tube well / hand pump / Well / Jet pump available? |
|  | Potable water is available in $24(60 \%)$ schools. Out of which Hand pump was available in 21 (52.5\%) school. |
| ii | Any other source |
|  | Potable water is available in 3 (7.5\%) schools by other source. |
| 7 | Availability of fire extinguishers |
|  | Fire extinguishers were available in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 8 \\ \mathrm{a} \end{array}$ | 5. IT infrastructure availabie @ School level Number of computers available in the school (if any). |
|  | 9 Computers were available in the $8(20 \%)$ schools, 2 computers were available in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools and 1 computer available in 7 ( $17.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| b | Availability of internet connection (If any). |
|  | Internet connection was available in 2 (5\%) school. Some teachers were seen using their own internet. |
| c | Using any IT / IT enabled services based solutions / services (like e-learning etc.) (if any) |
|  | IT enable services were used 2 (5\%) school. |

## 28. Safety \& hygiene

| i | General Impression of the environment, Safety and hygiene: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The cooking process is safe in $32(80 \%)$ schools as they have proper ventilation. |
| ii | Are children encouraged to wash hands before and after eating |
|  | MI observed that children washed their hands before taking meals in 33 (82.5\%) <br> schools. |
|  | Do the children take meals in an orderly manner? |
|  | Children take meal in orderly manner in 40 (100\%) schools. |
| iv | Conservation of water? |
|  | MI observed that children conserve water in 40 (100\%) schools. |
| v | Is the cooking process and storage of fuel safe, not posing any fire hazard? |
|  | The cooking process is safe in $35(87.5 \%)$ schools. |

## 29. Community Particiption

| i | Extent of participation by Parents / SMC / VEC / Panchayats / Urban bodies in daily supervision and monitoring. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | MI found that parent's participation in supervision and monitoring was on daily basis in $3(7.5 \%)$ schools, on monthly basis in 13 ( $32.5 \%$ ) schools, rarely in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools and weekly basis in $9(22.5 \%)$ schools. SMC/VEC participation on daily basis in 2 (5\%) schools on monthly basis in 19 ( $47.5 \%$ ) schools, rarely in 2 ( $5 \%$ ) schools and on weekly basis in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools. Panchayat participation was on daily basis in $2(5 \%)$ school, monthly basis in $11(27.5 \%)$ schools, rarely basis in 7 ( $17.5 \%$ ) schools and weekly in $4(10 \%)$ schools. Urban body participation was on monthly basis in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools, rarely in $3(7.5 \%)$ schools, weekly in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools. However. |
| ii | Is any roster of community members being maintained for supervision of the MDM? |
|  | School roster of community members for supervision of the MDM was maintained in 25 (62.5\%). |
| iii | Is there any social audit mechanism in the school? |
|  | As per the district information social audit mechanism exists in every school. But MI observed that social audit mechanism existed in 31 (77.5\%) schools where jan wachan about MDM was practiced. |
| iv | Number of meetings of SMC held during the monitoring period. |
|  | SMC meeting held once in 2 (5\%) school, twice in 2 ( $5 \%$ ), 4 times in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) school, 5 times in $3(7.5 \%)$ schools, 6 times in 15 ( $37.5 \%$ ) schools, 7 times in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools, 8 times in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 9 time in $1(2.5 \%)$ school, 10 times in $3(7.5 \%)$ schools, 12 time in 1 (2.55) school, 13 time in $1(2.5 \%)$ school and 14 time in $1(2.5 \%)$ school. |
| v | In how many of these meetings issues related to MDM were discussed? |
|  | The issue of MDM was discussed once in 3 (7.5\%) school, twice in 5 (12.5\%) schools, 3 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 4 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 5 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 6 times in 13 ( $32.5 \%$ ) schools and 7 times in 1 (2.5\%) school, 8 times in 1 (2.5\%) school, 10 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ school, 11 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ school, and 12 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ school. |

## 30. Inspection and Supervision

| i | Is there any Inspection Register available at school level? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Inspection register was available in 17 (42.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Whether school has received any funds under MME component? |
|  | 24 (60\%) schools have received funds under MME component |
| iii | Whether State / District / Block level officers / officials inspecting the MDM Scheme? |
|  | The inspection was done by block level officers in 19 (47.5\%) schools, district officers in $7(17.5 \%)$ schools, MDM office inspector in $2(5 \%)$ schools and state officers in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) school. |
| iv | The frequency of such inspections? |
|  | The frequency of such inspections was more than thrice in a month in 6 (15\%) schools, once in $4(10 \%)$ schools, thrice in 4 (10\%) schools and twice in 4 (10\%) schools. |

## 31. Impact

| i | Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance, retention of children in school? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | MDM has improved enrolment in $32(80 \%)$ schools, improved attendance in $32(80 \%)$ <br> schools, and improved retention in $32(80 \%)$ schools. |
| ii | Whether mid day meal has helped in improvement of the social harmony? |
|  | Yes, it has improved social harmony in improve enrolment, improved attendance and in <br> improved retention schools. |
|  | Whether mid day meal has helped in improvement of the nutritional status of the children? |
|  | Yes, MDM has improved nutritional status in 35 (87.5\%) schools. |
| iv | Is there any other incidental benefit due to serving of meal in schools? |
|  | No incidental benefit was observed due to serving of meal in schools. |

32. Grievance Redressal Mechanism

| i | Is any grievance redressal mechanism in the district for MDMS? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Grievance redressal mechanism was seen $37(92.5 \%)$ sampled schools. |
| ii | Whether the district / block / school having any toll free number? |
|  | Toll free number was available in $28(70 \%)$ schools. |

# MI report of SSA \& MDM Monitoring <br> Disrtrict Bahraich,U.P <br> (w.e.f 28.01.2015 to 06.02.2015) 

I visited Bahraich District of utter Paradesh as M.I representative for the purpose of field visit of SSA during the month of January, 2015 to gain the functioning of the implementation. During this time I visited such places as BSA office, primary and upper primary schools, BRC, NPRc and K.G.B.V's for getting first hand information as well as data collection.

All the schools were provided MDM. I also found that sufficient grain were available. Most of the schools have displayed menu chart on the kitchen hall. Most of the schools are given MDM according to the menu chart. Quality of the MDM was average in most of the schools. Most of the schools Head Master are facing problems from pradhan because they are not providing food grains according students presents The following schools are monitored by me during visit.

The functioning and activities of SSA is satisfactory in the district. The BSA and other staff member of Bahraich are eager to do work in time. As far as BSA office information is concerned, I found it complete and satisfactory. The mostly schools of Bahraich is not in good condition, i.e light,ventilation,floor for seating management as well as shortage of school teachers. It is also observed that the attendance of student was good in some schools but poor in some other schools. The reason for poor attendance was reported due to winter season and marriages

1. Primary school Begumpur, Chitora
2. UPS begumpur,chitora
3. Old middle school(Junior) Diha Chitora
4. Old middle school,Bernapur,Tajwapur
5. Central Primary school,Fakharpur
6. Middle school,Paryagpur
7. UPS Bisharganj
8. Primary school, Bisharganj
9. UPS, Belha
10. Primary school Belha
11. UPS Bisherhawan Ganj
12. Primary school, Bisherhawa Ganj

Dr. Mohd. Ansar Alam
M.I Representative J.M.I, New Delhi

# 3rd Half Yearly Monitoring Report of 

 MDM for the State of UTTAR PRADESH for the period of$$
1^{s t} \text { April, } 2014 \text { to 30th September, } 2014
$$

## Districts Monitored/Covered

3. (BALRAMPUR)



## 1. At school level

## 1 Availability of Food Grains

| i | Whether buffer stock of food grains for one month is available at the school? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools 7 ( $17.5 \%$ ) schools reported that they have buffer stock for one month. Only 33 (82.5\%) schools reported that they have no buffer stock. |
| ii | Whether food grains are delivered in school in time by the lifting agency? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 29 ( $72.5 \%$ ) reported that foodgrain is delivered at school by lifting agency. Only $11(27.5 \%)$ schools reported that foodgrains is not delivered by lifting agency. |
| iii | If lifting agency is not delivering the food grains at school how the food grains is transported up to school level? |
| iv | Whether the food grains are of FAQ of Grade A quality? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 16 ( $40 \%$ ) schools have reported that quality of food grain is good. Only 24 (60\%) schools have reported that quality of food grain is not good. |
| v | Whether food grains are released to school after adjusting the unspent balance of the previous month? |
|  | Out of 40 schools $15(37.5 \%)$ schools have reported that food grain is released after adjustment of unspent food grain of previous delivery. 25 ( $62.5 \%$ ) schools reported that food grain is released without adjustment of unspent food grain of previous delivery. |

## 2 Timely releases of funds

| i | Whether State is releasing funds to District / block / school on regular basis in advance? If not, <br> g) Period of delay in releasing funds by State to district. <br> h) Period of delay in releasing funds by District to block / schools. <br> i) Period of delay in releasing funds by block to schools. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools only 19 ( $47.5 \%$ ) schools reported that state is releasing funds in advance. 21 ( $52.5 \%$ ) schools reported that state is not releasing funds in advance. |
| ii | Any other observations. |
|  | In most of the school period of delay is not more than 15 to 20 days from block to school. |

## 33. Availability of Cooking Cost

| i | Whether school / implementing agency has receiving cooking cost in advance regularly? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools 28 (70\%) receive cooking cost in advance regularly, whereas 12 <br> $(30 \%)$ schools reported not to receive cooking cost regularly. |
|  | Period of delay, if any, in receipt of cooking cost. |
|  |  |
| iii | In case of non-receipt of cooking cost how the meal is served? |
|  |  |
| iv | Mode of payment of cooking cost (Cash / cheque / e-transfer)? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 38 (95\%) stated the mode of payment though cheque. |

## 34. Availability of Cook-cum-helpers

| i | Who engaged Cook-cum-helpers at schools (Department / SMC / VEC / PRI / Self Help Group / NGO /Contractor)? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools cook is engaged by VEC in 9 (22.5\%) schools, by SMC in 16 (40\%) schools and by PRI in 8 (20\%) schools. |
| ii | If cook-cum-helper is not engaged who cooks and serves the meal? |
| iii | Is the number of cooks-cum-helpers engaged in the school as per GOI norms or as per State norms? |
|  | Out of 40 schools $30(75 \%)$ schools have reported that cook is appointed as per Government of India norms. |
| iv | Honorarium paid to cooks cum helpers. |
|  | 29 (72.5\%) schools reported that cook is paid honorarium. <br> Out of 40 schools $30(75 \%)$ reported that honorarium Rs. 1000 is paid to cook. |
| v | Mode of payment to cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | The mode of payment to cook is by Cheque in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| vi | Are the remuneration paid to cooks cum helpers regularly? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 28 (70\%) reported that cook is paid regularly. |
| vii | Social Composition of cooks cum helpers? (SC/ST/OBC/Minority) |
|  | Out of 40 schools 30 (75\%) schools engaged as cooks OBC persons, 3 (7.5\%) schools engaged SC person as cook. <br> Health check up of cook is done in $9(22.5 \%)$ schools. |
| viii | Is there any training module for cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | Training module is available in 7 (17.5\%) schools. |
| ix | Whether training has been provided to cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | Training to cook is provided in $8(20 \%)$ schools. In 32 ( $80 \%$ ) schools training is not provided nor is any training module available. |
| x | In case the meal is prepared and transported by the Centralized kitchen / NGO, whether cook-cum-helpers have been engaged to serve the meal to the children at school level. |


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| xi | Whether health check-up of cook-cum-helpers has been done? |
|  | Health checkup of cook is done in $9(22.5 \%)$ schools. |

## 35. Regularity in Serving Meal

i $\quad$ Whether the school is serving hot cooked meal daily? If there was interruption, what was the extent and reasons for the same?
Out of 40 schools hot cooked meal is served daily in 34 ( $85 \%$ ) schools.

## 36. Quality \&Quantity of Meal

## Feedback from children on

| i | Quality of meal |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Quality of meal is good in 30 (75\%) schools, average in 10 (25\%) schools. |
| ii | Quantity of meal |
|  | Quantity of meal is sufficient in 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools and insufficient in 5 (12.5\%) school. |
| iii | Quantity of pulses used in the meal per child. |
|  | Quantity of pulses per child is reported as 20 gm . in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 25 gm . in 16 $(40 \%)$ schools, 30 gm in $5(12.5 \%), 40 \mathrm{gm}$. in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools 45 gm . in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 50 gm . in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools. 60 gm . in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools. 100 gm . in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| iv | Quantity of green leafy vegetables used in the meal per child. |
|  | Quantity of green leafy vegetable per child is given as 150 gm . in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 100 gm. in $4(10 \%)$ schools, 60 gm . in $13(32.5 \%)$ schools, 50 gm . in $6(15 \%)$ schools, 40 gm in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 30 gm . in $4(10 \%)$ schools, 25 gms. in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools and 20 gm in $4(10 \%)$ schools. |
| v | Whether double fortified salt is used? |
|  | Double fortified salt is provided in 27 (67.5\%) schools. |
| vi | Acceptance of the meal amongst the children. |
|  | Out of 40 schools the children of 31 ( $77.5 \%$ ) schools have happily accepted and they are satisfied with the quantity. The children of $9(22.5 \%)$ schools did not accept the meal and quantity of meal was not satisfactory. |
| vii | Method / Standard gadgets / equipment for measuring the quantity of food to be cooked and served. |
|  | Standard Gadget measuring quantity is found in 13 (32.5\%) schools. |

## 37. Variety of Menu

| i | Who decides the menu? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools $30(75 \%)$ schools stated that menu is decided by authority, by teacher <br> in $6(15 \%)$ schools. |
|  | Whether weekly menu is displayed at a prominent place noticeable to community, |
|  | It was observed that weekly menu was displayed in 39 (97.5\%) schools. |
| iii | Is the menu being followed uniformly? |
|  | Yes, Menu was followed uniformly in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| iv | Whether menu includes locally available ingredients? |
|  | Menu included local gradients in 38 (95\%) schools. local gradients were not included in 2 (5\%) <br> schools. |
| v | Whether menu provides required nutritional and calorific value per child? |
|  | Menu provides required nutritional and calorific value per child. The nutritional calorific <br> value was included in $38(95 \%)$ schools. But it not included in 2 (5\%) schools. |

## 38. Display of Information under Right to Education Act, 2009

| i <br> a) | Display of Information under Right to Education Act, 2009 at the school level at <br> prominent place <br> Quantity and date of food grains received |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of sampled schools, no school has provided information about the quantity of food <br> grain received and the date of receiving. As food grain in most cases is delivered <br> directly at the house of Pradhan and then comes to school as per daily requirement. |
| b) | Balance quantity of food grains utilized during the month. |
|  | Yes, balance quantity was utilized during the month |
| c) | Other ingredients purchased, utilized |
|  | Yes, other ingredients purchased, utilized |
| d) | Number of children given MDM |
|  | About 2882 children are given MDM in the district, out of which 2561 children taken <br> MDM on the day of Visit |
| e) | Daily menu displayed on notice board |
|  | Daily menu displayed on notice board in 34 (85\%) school |
| ii | Display of MDM logo at prominent place preferably outside wall of the school. |
|  | Out of 40 schools MDM logo was displayed in 34 (85\%) schools. |

## 39. Trends

Extent of variation (As per school records vis-à-vis Actual on the day of visit).

| i | Enrolment |
| :--- | :--- |


|  | The total enrolment of the sampled school is 5038. |
| :--- | :--- |
| ii | The total enrolment of the sampled school is 5038 Out of total enrolment 2882 <br> $(57.20 \%)$ students are given MDM |
|  | As per no. of children availing MDM is 2882. |
| iii | No. of children availing MDM as per MDM Register. |
|  | As per MDM register number of children availing MDM is 2561 (50.83\%) children availed <br> MDM on the day of visit. |
|  | No. of children actually availing MDM on the day of visit as per head count |
|  | Out of total enrolment $2561(50.83 \%)$ students are given MDM. |

## 40. Social Equity

| i | What is the system of serving and seating arrangements for eating? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools children were served meal sitting on ground in 38 (95\%) schools and <br> any other in $2(5 \%)$ school. |
|  | Did you observe any gender or caste or community discrimination in cooking or serving <br> or seating arrangements? |
|  | No any discrimination of gender, caste or community was observed in cooking or <br> serving or seating arrangements. |
| iii | The name of the school where discrimination found of any kind may be mentioned in <br> the main body of the report along with date of visit. |
|  | N.A. |
| iv | If any kind of social discrimination is found in the school, comments of the team may be <br> given in the inspection register of the school. |
|  | No any sort of social discrimination found |
| V | Comments in inspection Register |

## 41. Convergence With Other Scheme

| 1 | Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools convergence with SSA was found in 39 (97.5\%) schools. |
| 2 | School Health Programme |
|  | Is there school Health Card maintained for each child? |
|  | MDM was converged with health programme in 37 ( $92.5 \%$ ) schools. School health card maintained in all 34 ( $85 \%$ ) schools |
| ii | What is the frequency of health check-up? |
|  | Frequency of health check up was yearly in 12 (30\%) school, half yearly in 17 ( $42.5 \%$ ) schools, occasionally in 1 (2.5\%) schools. |
| iii | Whether children are given micronutrients (Iron, folic acid, vitamin - A dosage) and de-worming medicine periodically? |
|  | Out of 40 schools micronutrients given in 31 (77.5\%) schools and de-worming medicine |


|  | was given in 32 (80\%) schools. |
| :---: | :---: |
| iv | Who administers these medicines and at what frequency? |
|  | Out of 40 schools medicine is administered by Govt. doctors in 32 (80\%) schools. |
| v | Whether height and weight record of the children is being indicated in the school health card. |
|  | Yes, height and record of the children is being indicated in school health card of 32 (80\%) schools |
| vi | Whether any referral during the period of monitoring. |
|  | During the period of monitoring referral was observed in 28 (70\%) school.. |
| vii | Instances of medical emergency during the period of monitoring. |
|  | No instances of emergency were mentioned at district level but MI found instances of emergency in 2 (5\%) schools. |
| viii | Availability of the first aid medical kit in the schools. |
|  | MI observed that first aid box is available in 32 ( $80 \%$ ) school. It was not available in 8 (20\%) schools. |
| ix | Dental and eye check-up included in the screening. |
|  | The district administration has mentioned that dental and eye check up is done in each and every school and spectacles were distributed to needy students. However, MI found that dental and eye check up was done in 34 ( $85 \%$ ) schools |
| X | Distribution of spectacles to children suffering from refractive error. |
|  | Spectacles to children suffering from refractive error distributed in 9 (22.5\%) schools. |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2 \\ \mathrm{i} \end{array}$ | Drinking Water and Sanitation Programme |
|  | Whether potable water is available for drinking purpose in convergence with Drinking Water and Sanitation Programme. |
|  | Out of 40 schools potable water was available in 35 (87.5\%) schools. |
| 3 | MPLAD / MLA Scheme |
|  | Out of 40 schools drinking water scheme was sponsored by MPLAD in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools andby MLA in 1 (2.5\%) schools |
| 4 | Any Other Department / Scheme. |
|  | Out of 40 schools drinking water scheme was sponsored by others in 19 (47.5\%) schools.. |

42. Infrastructure

| i a <br>  | Kitchen cum store <br> Is there a pucca kitchen shed-cum-store |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 34 (85\%) schools. |
| ii | Constructed and in use |
|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 34 (85\%) schools and it is in use. |
| iii | Under which Scheme Kitchen-cum-store constructed -MDM/SSA/Others |


|  | The kitchen was constructed under MDM scheme in 6 (15\%) schools, under SSA in 13 ( $32.5 \%$ ) schools and under other in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools. 18 ( $45 \%$ ) schools have no information about under which kitchen shed was constructed. |
| :---: | :---: |
| iv | Constructed but not in use (Reasons for not using) |
|  | The entire kitchen constructed was in use. |
| v | Under construction |
|  | No kitchen shed was under construction. |
| vi | Sanctioned, but construction not started |
|  | Construction complete in all school |
| vii | Not sanctioned |
|  | 2 (\%) school kitchen sheds were not sanctioned |
| b | In case the pucca kitchen-cum-store is not available, where is the food being cooked and where the foodgrains /other ingredients are being stored? |
|  | Only 3 (7.5\%) school has reported to prepare MDM in other space. Food grains are stored in classroom in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| c | Kitchen-cum-store in hygienic condition, properly ventilated and away from classrooms. |
|  | MI observed that kitchen sheds are well ventilated in 2 (5\%) schools, away from class room 7 ( $17.5 \%$ ) schools and having hygienic condition in 11 ( $27.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| d | Whether MDM is being cooked by using firewood or LPG based cooking? |
|  | Out of 40 schools LPG was in 2 (5\%) schools and wood was used in 32 (80\%) schools. |
| e | Whether on any day there was interruption due to non-availability of firewood or LPG? |
|  | MDM was interrupted due to shortage of fuel in 10 (25\%) schools. |
| 2$i$ | Whether cooking utensils are available in the school? |
|  | Out of 40 schools cooking utensils was available in 39 (95\%) schools. |
| ii | Source of funding for cooking and serving utensils - Kitchen Devices fund / MME / Community contribution / others. |
|  | Source of funding was by MME in 1 (2.5\%) schools and by others in 17 ( $42.5 \%$ ) schools. 22 (55\%) schools did not know from where cooking utensils were purchased. |
| ii | Whether eating plates etc. are available in the school? |
|  | Plates were available in 17 (42.5\%) schools. |
| iv | Source of funding for eating plates - MME / Community contribution / others? |
|  | The source of its funding was community controller in 2 (5\%) schools and by others in 4 (10\%) schools. |
| 3 | Kitchen Devices |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \mathrm{i} \end{aligned}$ | Availability of storage bins <br> Whether storage bins are available for food grains? If yes, what is the source of their procurement? |
|  | MI found storage bin was available only in 30 (75\%) schools. The source of funding was by MDM in $4(10 \%)$ school. in $36(90 \%)$ storage bin was not available. |
| 5 | Toilets in the school Is separate toilet for the boys and girls are available? |
|  | Yes, separate toilet for the boys and girls are available in 28 (70\%) schools. |


| ii | Are toilets usable? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Toilets are usable in 32 (80\%) schools. |
| $6$ | Availability of potable water <br> Is Tap water / tube well / hand pump / Well / Jet pump available? |
|  | Potable water is available in 27 (67.5\%) schools. Out of which Hand pump was available in 25 ( $62.5 \%$ ) school. |
| ii | Any other source |
|  | Potable water is available in 1 (2.5\%) schools by other source. |
| 7 | Availability of fire extinguishers |
|  | Fire extinguishers were available in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \\ \mathrm{a} \end{array}$ | 6. IT infrastructure availabie $@$ School level Number of computers available in the school (if any). |
|  | 12 Computers were available in the $6(15 \%)$ schools, 3 computers were available in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools and 1 computer available in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| b | Availability of internet connection (lf any). |
|  | Internet connection was not available in any school. Some teachers were seen using their own internet. |
| c | Using any IT / IT enabled services based solutions / services (like e-learning etc.) (if any) |
|  | IT enable services were not used any school. |

## 43. Safety \& hygiene

| i | General Impression of the environment, Safety and hygiene: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The cooking process is safe in 34 (85\%) schools as they have proper ventilation. |
| ii | Are children encouraged to wash hands before and after eating |
|  | MI observed that children washed their hands before taking meals in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| iii | Do the children take meals in an orderly manner? |
|  | Children take meal in orderly manner in $40(100 \%)$ schools. |
| iv | Conservation of water? |
|  | MI observed that children conserve water in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| v | Is the cooking process and storage of fuel safe, not posing any fire hazard? |
|  | The cooking process is safe in 34 (85\%) schools. |

## 44. Community Particiption

i $\quad$ Extent of participation by Parents / SMC / VEC / Panchayats / Urban bodies in daily supervision and monitoring.
MI found that parents participation in supervision and monitoring was on daily basis in $2(5 \%)$ schools, on monthly basis in $6(15 \%)$ schools, monthly in $6(15 \%)$ schools and weekly basis in 8 (20\%) schools. SMC/VEC participation on monthly basis in 7 $(17.5 \%)$ schools, rarely in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools and on weekly basis in $6(15 \%)$ schools. Panchayat participation was on monthly basis in $8(20 \%)$ schools and weekly in 3

|  | (7.5\%) schools. Urban body participation was on monthly basis in 4 (10\%) schools. |
| :---: | :---: |
| ii | Is any roster of community members being maintained for supervision of the MDM? |
|  | School roster of community members for supervision of the MDM was maintained in 12 (30\%). |
| iii | Is there any social audit mechanism in the school? |
|  | As per the district information social audit mechanism exists in every school. But MI observed that social audit mechanism existed in 26 (65\%) schools where jan wachan about MDM was practiced. |
| iv | Number of meetings of SMC held during the monitoring period. |
|  | SMC meeting held once in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) school, 3 times in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) school, 4 times in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) school, 5 times in $4(10 \%)$ schools, 6 times in $4(10 \%)$ schools, 7 times in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools, 8 times in 2 (5\%) schools, 10 times in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools and 11 times in 1 (2.5\%). |
| v | In how many of these meetings issues related to MDM were discussed? |
|  | The issue of MDM was discussed once in 2 (5\%) school, twice in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools, 3 times in 7 (17.5\%) schools, 4 times in 6 (15\%) schools, 5 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 6 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 7 times in 1 (2.5\%) schools, 8 times in $2(5 \%)$ schools, and 10 times in $3(7.5 \%)$ schools. |

## 45. Inspection and Supervision

| i | Is there any Inspection Register available at school level? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Inspection register was available in 27 (67.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Whether school has received any funds under MME component? |
|  | $7(17.5 \%)$ schools have received funds under MME component |
|  | Whether State / District / Block level officers / officials inspecting the MDM Scheme? |
|  | The inspection was done by block level officers in 20 (50\%) schools, district officers in <br> $10(25 \%)$ schools, MDM office inspector in $4(10 \%)$ schools and by no state officers in <br> any school. |
| iv | The frequency of such inspections? |
|  | The frequency of such inspections was more than thrice in a month in 8 (20\%) schools, <br> once in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, thrice in $7(17.5 \%)$ schools and twice in 9 (22.5\%) schools. |

## 46. Impact

| i | Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance, retention of children in school? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | MDM has improved enrolment in $38(95 \%)$ schools, improved attendance in $38(95 \%)$ <br> schools, and improved retention in $38(95 \%)$ schools. |
|  | Whether mid day meal has helped in improvement of the social harmony? |
|  | Yes, it has improved social harmony in improve enrolment, improved attendance and in <br> improved retention schools. |
| iii | Whether mid day meal has helped in improvement of the nutritional status of the children? |
|  | Yes, MDM has improved nutritional status in $38(95 \%)$ schools. |


| iv | Is there any other incidental benefit due to serving of meal in schools? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | No incidental benefit was observed due to serving of meal in schools. |

## 47. Grievance Redressal Mechanism

| i | Is any grievance redressal mechanism in the district for MDMS? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Grievance redressal mechanism was seen $36(90 \%)$ sampled schools. |
| ii | Whether the district / block / school having any toll free number? |
|  | Toll free number was available in $19(47.5 \%)$ schools. |

# 3rd Half Yearly Monitoring Report of 

MDM for the State of UTTAR PRADESH for the period of
$1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2014 to 30 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ September, 2014

## Districts Monitored/Covered

## 4. (HARDOI)



## 1. At school level

## 1 Availability of Food Grains

|  | Whether buffer stock of food grains for one month is available at the school? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools $8(20 \%)$ schools reported that they have buffer stock for one month. Only $32(80 \%)$ schools reported that they have no buffer stock. |
| ii | Whether food grains are delivered in school in time by the lifting agency? |
|  | Out of 40 schools $33(82.5 \%)$ reported that foodgrain is delivered at school by lifting agency. Only 7 ( $17.5 \%$ ) schools reported that foodgrains is not delivered by lifting agency. |
| iii | If lifting agency is not delivering the food grains at school how the food grains is transported up to school level? |
| iv | Whether the food grains are of FAQ of Grade A quality? |
|  | Out of 40 schools $28(70 \%)$ schools have reported that quality of food grain is good. Only $12(30 \%)$ schools have reported that quality of food grain is not good. |
| v | Whether food grains are released to school after adjusting the unspent balance of the previous month? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 27 ( $67.5 \%$ ) schools have reported that food grain is released after adjustment of unspent food grain of previous delivery. 13 ( $32.5 \%$ ) schools reported that food grain is released without adjustment of unspent food grain of previous delivery. |

## 2 Timely releases of funds

|  | Whether State is releasing funds to District / block / school on regular basis in advance? If not, <br> j) Period of delay in releasing funds by State to district. <br> k) Period of delay in releasing funds by District to block / schools. <br> l) Period of delay in releasing funds by block to schools. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools only $24(60 \%)$ schools reported that state is releasing funds in advance. $16(40 \%)$ schools reported that state is not releasing funds in advance. |
| ii | Any other observations. |
|  | In most of the school period of delay is not more than 15 to 20 days from block to school. |

## 48. Availability of Cooking Cost

| i | Whether school / implementing agency has receiving cooking cost in advance regularly? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools 24 (60\%) receive cooking cost in advance regularly, whereas 16 <br> $(40 \%)$ schools reported not to receive cooking cost regularly. |
| ii | Period of delay, if any, in receipt of cooking cost. |
|  | iii |
|  | In case of non-receipt of cooking cost how the meal is served? |
| iv | Mode of payment of cooking cost (Cash / cheque / e-transfer)? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 34 (85\%) stated the mode of payment though cheque, whereas 5 <br> (12.5\%) schools reported mode of payment through cash. |

## 49. Availability of Cook-cum-helpers

| i | Who engaged Cook-cum-helpers at schools (Department / SMC / VEC / PRI / Self Help Group / NGO /Contractor)? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools cook is engaged by VEC in 20 (50\%) schools, by SMC in 18 (45\%) schools. |
| ii | If cook-cum-helper is not engaged who cooks and serves the meal? |
| iii | Is the number of cooks-cum-helpers engaged in the school as per GOI norms or as per State norms? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 11(27.5\%) schools have reported that cook is appointed as per Government of India norms. |
| iv | Honorarium paid to cooks cum helpers. |
|  | 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools reported that cook is paid honorarium. <br> Out of 40 schools $36(90 \%)$ reported that honorarium Rs. 1000 is paid to cook. |
| v | Mode of payment to cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | The mode of payment to cook is by Cheque in 34 ( $85 \%$ ) schools and by cash in 5 (12.5\%) schools. |
| vi | Are the remuneration paid to cooks cum helpers regularly? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 18 (45\%) reported that cook is paid regularly. |
| vii | Social Composition of cooks cum helpers? (SC/ST/OBC/Minority) |
|  | Out of 40 schools 38 ( $95 \%$ ) schools engaged as cooks OBC persons, 1 (2.5\%) school engaged minority as cook. <br> Health check up of cook is done in $9(22.5 \%)$ schools. |
| viii | Is there any training module for cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | Training module is available in 24 (60\%) schools. |
| ix | Whether training has been provided to cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | Training to cook is provided in 26 (65\%) schools. In 14 (35\%) schools training is not provided nor is any training module available. |


| x | In case the meal is prepared and transported by the Centralized kitchen / NGO, whether <br> cook-cum-helpers have been engaged to serve the meal to the children at school level. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| xi | Whether health check-up of cook-cum-helpers has been done? |
|  | Health checkup of cook is done in $9(22.5 \%)$ schools. |

## 50. Regularity in Serving Meal

i $\quad$ Whether the school is serving hot cooked meal daily? If there was interruption, what was the extent and reasons for the same?
Out of 40 schools hot cooked meal is served daily in 37 (92.5\%) schools.

## 51. Quality \&Quantity of Meal

## Feedback from children on

| i | Quality of meal |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Quality of meal is good in 28 (70\%) schools, average in 21 (52.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Quantity of meal |
|  | Quantity of meal is sufficient in 35 (87.5\%) schools and insufficient in 4 (10\%) school. |
| iii | Quantity of pulses used in the meal per child. |
|  | Quantity of pulses per child is reported as 20 gm . in $4(10 \%)$ schools, 25 gm . in 11 ( $27.5 \%$ ) schools, 30 gm . in $7(17.5 \%)$ schools, 35 gm . in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools, 37.5 gm . in 2 (5\%) schools, 40 gm in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 50 gm . in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 75 gm in $2(5 \%)$ and 100 gm . in 1 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| iv | Quantity of green leafy vegetables used in the meal per child. |
|  | Quantity of green leafy vegetable per child is given as $100-150$ gm. in 6 ( $15 \%$ ) schools, $20-25 \mathrm{gm}$. in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools, $30-40 \mathrm{gm}$ in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools, $45-65 \mathrm{gm}$. in 12 ( $30 \%$ ) schools and $75-95 \mathrm{gm}$ in 6 ( $15 \%$ ) schools. |
| v | Whether double fortified salt is used? |
|  | Double fortified salt is provided in 37 (92.5\%) schools. |
| vi | Acceptance of the meal amongst the children. |
|  | Out of 40 schools the children of all 40 ( $100 \%$ ) schools have happily accepted and they are satisfied with the quantity. |
| vii | Method / Standard gadgets / equipment for measuring the quantity of food to be cooked and served. |
|  | Standard Gadget measuring quantity is found in 24 (60\%) schools. |

## 52. Variety of Menu

| i | Who decides the menu? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools 34 (85\%) schools stated that menu is decided by authority, by teacher <br> in $2(5 \%)$ schools. |
|  | Whether weekly menu is displayed at a prominent place noticeable to community, |
|  | It was observed that weekly menu was displayed in 37 (92.5\%) schools. |
| iii | Is the menu being followed uniformly? |
|  | Yes, Menu was followed uniformly in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| iv | Whether menu includes locally available ingredients? |
|  | Menu included local gradients in 38 (95\%) schools. local gradients were not included in 2 (5\%) <br> schools. |
| v | Whether menu provides required nutritional and calorific value per child? |
|  | Menu provides required nutritional and calorific value per child. The nutritional calorific <br> value was included in 38 (95\%) schools. But it not included in 2 (5\%) schools. |

## 53. Display of Information under Right to Education Act, 2009

| i <br> a) | Display of Information under Right to Education Act, 2009 at the school level at <br> prominent place <br> Quantity and date of food grains received |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of sampled schools, no school has provided information about the quantity of food <br> grain received and the date of receiving. As food grain in most cases is delivered <br> directly at the house of Pradhan and then comes to school as per daily requirement. |
| b) | Balance quantity of food grains utilized during the month. |
|  | Yes, balance quantity was utilized during the month |
|  | Other ingredients purchased, utilized |
|  | Yes, other ingredients purchased, utilized |
| d) | Number of children given MDM |
|  | About 3510 children are given MDM in the district, out of which 3510 children taken <br> MDM on the day of Visit |
| e) | Daily menu displayed on notice board |
|  | Daily menu displayed on notice board in 27 (67.5\%) school |
| ii | Display of MDM logo at prominent place preferably outside wall of the school. |
|  | Out of 40 schools MDM logo was displayed in $27(67.5 \%)$ schools. |

## 54. Trends

Extent of variation (As per school records vis-à-vis Actual on the day of visit).

| i | Enrolment |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | The total enrolment of the sampled school is 7971. |
| ii | The total enrolment of the sampled school is 7971 Out of total enrolment 3510 ( $44.03 \%$ ) students are given MDM |
|  | As per no. of children availing MDM is 3510. |
| iii | No. of children availing MDM as per MDM Register. |
|  | As per MDM register number of children availing MDM is 3510 (44.03\%) children availed MDM on the day of visit. |
| iv | No. of children actually availing MDM on the day of visit as per head count |
|  | Out of total enrolment 3510 (44.03\%) students are given MDM. |

## 55. Social Equity

| i | What is the system of serving and seating arrangements for eating? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools children were served meal sitting on ground in 30 (75\%) schools. |
| ii | Did you observe any gender or caste or community discrimination in cooking or serving or seating arrangements? |
|  | No any discrimination of gender, caste or community was observed in cooking or serving or seating arrangements. |
| iii | The name of the school where discrimination found of any kind may be mentioned in the main body of the report along with date of visit. |
|  | N.A. |
| iv | If any kind of social discrimination is found in the school, comments of the team may be given in the inspection register of the school. |
|  | No any sort of social discrimination found |
| V | Comments in inspection Register |
|  | Comment was not given in inspection register of any schools. |

## 56. Convergence With Other Scheme

| 1 | Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools convergence with SSA was found in 38 (95\%) schools. |
| 2 | School Health Programme |
|  | Is there school Health Card maintained for each child? |
|  | MDM was converged with health programme in 31 (77.5\%) schools. School health card maintained in all 28 ( $70 \%$ ) schools |
| ii | What is the frequency of health check-up? |
|  | Frequency of health check up was yearly in 18 (45\%) school, half yearly in 9 (22.5\%) schools, quarterly in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| iii | Whether children are given micronutrients (Iron, folic acid, vitamin - A dosage) |


|  | and de-worming medicine periodically? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools micronutrients given in 32 ( $80 \%$ ) schools and de-worming medicine was given in 32 ( $80 \%$ ) schools. |
| iv | Who administers these medicines and at what frequency? |
|  | Out of 40 schools medicine is administered by Govt. doctors in 30 (75\%) schools, by teacher in 3 (7.5\%) school. |
| v | Whether height and weight record of the children is being indicated in the school health card. |
|  | Yes, height and record of the children is being indicated in school health card of 27 (67.5\%) schools |
| vi | Whether any referral during the period of monitoring. |
|  | During the period of monitoring no referral was observed. |
| vii | Instances of medical emergency during the period of monitoring. |
|  | No instances of emergency were mentioned at district level but MI found instances of emergency in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools. |
| viii | Availability of the first aid medical kit in the schools. |
|  | MI observed that first aid box is available in 27 (67.5\%) school. It was not available in 13 (32.5\%) schools. |
| ix | Dental and eye check-up included in the screening. |
|  | The district administration has mentioned that dental and eye check up is done in each and every school and spectacles were distributed to needy students. However, MI found that dental and eye check up was done in 31 (77.5\%) schools |
| X | Distribution of spectacles to children suffering from refractive error. |
|  | Spectacles to children suffering from refractive error distributed in 17 (42.5\%) schools. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & \mathrm{i} \end{aligned}$ | Drinking Water and Sanitation Programme |
|  | Whether potable water is available for drinking purpose in convergence with Drinking Water and Sanitation Programme. |
|  | Out of 40 schools potable water was available in 33 (82.5\%) schools. |
| 3 | MPLAD / MLA Scheme |
|  | Out of 40 schools drinking water scheme was sponsored by MPLAD in 1 (2.5\%) schools andby MLA in 1 (2.5\%) schools |
| 4 | Any Other Department / Scheme. |
|  | Out of 40 schools drinking water scheme was sponsored by Department in 5 (12.5\%) schools and by others in 17 ( $42.5 \%$ ) schools.. |

## 57. Infrastructure

| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{a} \\ & \mathrm{i} \end{aligned}$ | Kitchen cum store <br> Is there a pucca kitchen shed-cum-store |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 36 (90\%) schools. |
| ii | Constructed and in use |
|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in 36 (90\%) schools and it is in use. |
| iii | Under which Scheme Kitchen-cum-store constructed -MDM/SSA/Others |
|  | The kitchen was constructed under MDM scheme in 13 (32.5\%) schools, under SSA in 18 ( $45 \%$ ) schools. 9 (22.5\%) schools have no information about under which kitchen shed was constructed. |
| iv | Constructed but not in use (Reasons for not using) |
|  | The entire kitchen constructed was in use. |
| v | Under construction |
|  | No kitchen shed was under construction. |
| vi | Sanctioned, but construction not started |
|  | Construction complete in all school |
| vii | Not sanctioned |
|  | All kitchen sheds were properly sanctioned |
| b | In case the pucca kitchen-cum-store is not available, where is the food being cooked and where the foodgrains /other ingredients are being stored? |
|  | Food grains are stored in classroom in 6 (15\%) schools. |
| c | Kitchen-cum-store in hygienic condition, properly ventilated and away from classrooms. |
|  | MI observed that kitchen sheds are well ventilated in 12 (30\%) schools, away from class room 13 (32.5\%) schools and having hygienic condition in 25 (62.5\%) schools. |
| d | Whether MDM is being cooked by using firewood or LPG based cooking? |
|  | Out of 40 schools LPG was in 7 (12.5\%) schools and wood was used in 27 (67.5\%) schools. |
| e | Whether on any day there was interruption due to non-availability of firewood or LPG? |
|  | MDM was interrupted due to shortage of fuel in 9 (22.5\%) schools. |
| i | Whether cooking utensils are available in the school? |
|  | Out of 40 schools cooking utensils was available in 37 (92.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Source of funding for cooking and serving utensils - Kitchen Devices fund / MME / Community contribution / others. |
|  | Source of funding was by MME in 3 (7.5\%) schools and by others in 9 (22.5\%) schools. 28 (70\%) schools did not know from where cooking utensils were purchased. |
| iii | Whether eating plates etc. are available in the school? |
|  | Plates were available in 2 (5\%) schools. |
| iv | Source of funding for eating plates - MME / Community contribution / others? |
|  | The source of its funding was community controller in 1 (2.5\%) school by others in 1 (2.5\%) schools. |
| 3 | Kitchen Devices |


| 4 | Availability of storage bins |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Whether storage bins are available for food grains? If yes, what is the source of their procurement? |
|  | MI found storage bin was available only in 15 (37.5\%) schools. The source of funding was by MDM in 2 (5\%) school. |
| $5$ | Toilets in the school Is separate toilet for the boys and girls are available? |
|  | Yes, separate toilet for the boys and girls are available in 35 (87.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Are toilets usable? |
|  | Toilets are usable in 29 (72.5\%) schools. |
| $6$ | Availability of potable water <br> Is Tap water / tube well / hand pump / Well / Jet pump available? |
|  | Potable water is available in 29 ( $72.5 \%$ ) schools. Out of which Hand pump was available in $18(45 \%)$ school and tube well in $8(20 \%)$ school. |
| ii | Any other source |
|  | Potable water is available in 3 (7.5\%) schools by other source. |
| 7 | Availability of fire extinguishers |
|  | Fire extinguishers were available in 37 (92.5\%) schools. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8 \\ & \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | 7. IT infrastructure availabie @ School level Number of computers available in the school (if any). |
|  | 3 Computers were available in the 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools, 2 computers were available in 2 ( $5 \%$ ) schools and 1 computer available in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| b | Availability of internet connection (If any). |
|  | Internet connection was not available in any school. Some teachers were seen using their own internet. |
| c | Using any IT / IT enabled services based solutions / services (like e-learning etc.) (if any) |
|  | IT enable services were not used any school. |

## 58. Safety \& hygiene

| i | General Impression of the environment, Safety and hygiene: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The cooking process is safe in $32(80 \%)$ schools as they have proper ventilation. |
| ii | Are children encouraged to wash hands before and after eating |
|  | MI observed that children washed their hands before taking meals in $36(90 \%)$ schools. |
| iii | Do the children take meals in an orderly manner? |
|  | Children take meal in orderly manner in $39(97.5 \%)$ schools. |
| iv | Conservation of water? |
|  | MI observed that children conserve water in 33 (82.5\%) schools. |
| v | Is the cooking process and storage of fuel safe, not posing any fire hazard? |
|  | The cooking process is safe in $32(80 \%)$ schools. |

## 59. Community Particiption

| i |  | Extent of participation by Parents / SMC / VEC / Panchayats / Urban bodies in daily supervision and monitoring. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MI found that parents participation in supervision and monitoring was on daily basis in $6(15 \%)$ schools, on monthly basis in $3(7.5 \%)$ schools, rarely in $2(5 \%)$ schools and weekly basis in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools. SMC/VEC participation on daily basis in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools on monthly basis in $8(20 \%)$ schools, rarely in $2(5 \%)$ schools and on weekly basis in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools. Panchayat participation was on rarely basis in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) school, monthly basis in $8(20 \%)$ schools and weekly in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools. Urban body participation was on monthly basis in $4(10 \%)$ schools, rarely in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools. However. |
| Ii |  | Is any roster of community members being maintained for supervision of the MDM? |
|  |  | School roster of community members for supervision of the MDM was maintained in 12 (30\%). |
| iii |  | Is there any social audit mechanism in the school? |
|  |  | As per the district information social audit mechanism exists in every school. But MI observed that social audit mechanism existed in $24(60 \%)$ schools where jan wachan about MDM was practiced. |
|  | iv | Number of meetings of SMC held during the monitoring period. |
|  |  | SMC meeting held once in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools, 3 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, 5 times in 6 ( $15 \%$ ) school, 6 times in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools, 7 times in $7(17.5 \%)$ schools, 8 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 9 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, 10 times in 2 (5) schools and 11 times in 1 (2.5\%) school. |
| v |  | In how many of these meetings issues related to MDM were discussed? |
|  |  | The issue of MDM was discussed once in 1 (2.5\%) schools, twice in 8 (20\%) schools, 3 times in 6 (15\%) school, 4 times in 4 (10\%) schools, 5 times in 5 (12.5\%) schools, 6 times in 3 (7.5\%) schools, 7 times in 2 (5\%) schools, 8 times in 2 ( $5 \%$ ) schools, and 10 times in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools. |

60. Inspection and Supervision

| i | Is there any Inspection Register available at school level? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Inspection register was available in $32(80 \%)$ schools. |
| ii | Whether school has received any funds under MME component? |
|  | $12(30 \%)$ schools have received funds under MME component |
|  | Whether State / District / Block level officers / officials inspecting the MDM Scheme? |
|  | The inspection was done by block level officers in 29 (72.5\%) schools, district officers <br> in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools, MDM office inspector in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools and by no state officers <br> in any school. |
| iv | The frequency of such inspections? |
|  | The frequency of such inspections was more than thrice in a month in 14 (35\%) schools, <br> once in $8(20 \%)$ schools, thrice in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools and twice in $2(5 \%)$ schools. |

## 61. Impact

| i | Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance, retention of children in school? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | MDM has improved enrolment in $37(92.5 \%)$ schools, improved attendance in 37 <br> $(92.5 \%)$ schools, and improved retention in $37(92.5 \%)$ schools. |
| ii | Whether mid day meal has helped in improvement of the social harmony? |
|  | Yes, it has improved social harmony in improve enrolment, improved attendance and in <br> improved retention schools. |
|  | Whether mid day meal has helped in improvement of the nutritional status of the children? |
|  | Yes, MDM has improved nutritional status in 37 (92.5\%) schools. |
| iv | Is there any other incidental benefit due to serving of meal in schools? |
|  | No incidental benefit was observed due to serving of meal in schools. |

62. Grievance Redressal Mechanism

| i | Is any grievance redressal mechanism in the district for MDMS? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Grievance redressal mechanism was seen $37(92.5 \%)$ sampled schools. |
| ii | Whether the district / block / school having any toll free number? |
|  | Toll free number was available in $26(65 \%)$ schools. |

## MDM Report - HARDOI

The district was visited from $28^{\text {th }}$ January to $5^{\text {th }}$ February 2015

1. Kanya PS Behta: MDM is functioning properly. Though gas cylinder is provided but wood and opla is also used and stored as cylinder is not refilled in time. Two female cooks are engaged regularly.
2. Junior High School Kashipur: Rice is not stored in school but at Pradhan house. MDM was functional for 22 days in November and 18 days in December 2014. Three cooks are engaged but they have not received remuneration of OctoberDecember months till date.
3. PS Sohanpurva in Sursa block: MDM is functional. Only 62 students were availing MDM against 137 enrolled students. MDM register is maintained.
4. KPS Maidanpura in Bilgram block: only 67 to 71 students were availing MDM out of 175 enrolled students. Daily MDM register is maintained.
5. JHS Bilgram: MDM provided to every child. There is no variation in MDM and Enrolment register.
6. JHS Kokra Harpalpur: on an average 60 students are availing MDM out of 173 enrolled students. Providing fruits and vegetable is very difficult as market is 10 km away from the school.
7. UPS Barandari: MDM is functional on regular basis. Out of 80, 70-75 students take MDM daily.
8. Kanya UPS Hariyawan: Conversion cost has not reached from last 4 months. July- September conversion cost was received in December 2014. Similarly cooks have not received their remuneration from the last 6 months.
9. UPS Kuian in Pihani block: MDM is functional. 31 students were availing MDM on the day of visit. There is no variation in MDM and attendance register.
10. JHS Tendiyawan: Pradhan poses problems in smooth functioning of MDM, he is no more cooperative.


Students taking MDM (Kheer) at UPS Hariyawan,


Kitchen and Utensils at UPS Hariyawan


Dr. MUZAMMIL HUSAIN QUASMI MI Representative, JMI, MHRD, New Delhi 110025

# 3rd Half Yearly Monitoring Report of 

MDM for the State of UTTAR PRADESH for the period of
$1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2014 to 30 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ September, 2014

## Districts Monitored/Covered

## 5. (SULTANPUR)



## 1. At school level

## 1 Availability of Food Grains

| i | Whether buffer stock of food grains for one month is available at the school? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools $10(25 \%)$ schools reported that they have buffer stock for one month. Only $30(75 \%)$ schools reported that they have no buffer stock. |
| ii | Whether food grains are delivered in school in time by the lifting agency? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 31 ( $77.5 \%$ ) reported that foodgrain is delivered at school by lifting agency. Only 9 ( $22.5 \%$ ) schools reported that foodgrains is not delivered by lifting agency. |
| iii | If lifting agency is not delivering the food grains at school how the food grains is transported up to school level? |
| iv | Whether the food grains are of FAQ of Grade A quality? |
|  | Out of 40 schools $28(70 \%)$ schools have reported that quality of food grain is good. Only $12(30 \%)$ schools have reported that quality of food grain is not good. |
| v | Whether food grains are released to school after adjusting the unspent balance of the previous month? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 32 ( $80 \%$ ) schools have reported that food grain is released after adjustment of unspent food grain of previous delivery. |

## 2 Timely releases of funds

| i | Whether State is releasing funds to District / block / school on regular basis in advance? If not, <br> m) Period of delay in releasing funds by State to district. <br> n) Period of delay in releasing funds by District to block / schools. <br> o) Period of delay in releasing funds by block to schools. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools only $28(70 \%)$ schools reported that state is releasing funds in advance. 12 (30\%) schools reported that state is not releasing funds in advance. |
| ii | Any other observations. |
|  | In most of the school period of delay is not more than 15 to 20 days from block to school. |

## 63. Availability of Cooking Cost

| i | Whether school / implementing agency has receiving cooking cost in advance regularly? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools 28 (70\%) receive cooking cost in advance regularly, whereas 12 <br> $(30 \%)$ schools reported not to receive cooking cost regularly. |
| ii | Period of delay, if any, in receipt of cooking cost. |
|  |  |


| iii | In case of non-receipt of cooking cost how the meal is served? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| iv | Mode of payment of cooking cost (Cash / cheque / e-transfer)? <br> $(2.5 \%)$ schools reported mode of payment through cash. |
|  | Out of schools $35(87.5 \%)$ stated the mode of payment though cheque, whereas 1 |

## 64. Availability of Cook-cum-helpers

| i | Who engaged Cook-cum-helpers at schools (Department / SMC / VEC / PRI / Self Help Group / NGO /Contractor)? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools cook is engaged by VEC in 20 (50\%) schools, by SMC in 9 (22.5\%) schools, by SHG in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) school. |
| ii | If cook-cum-helper is not engaged who cooks and serves the meal? |
| iii | Is the number of cooks-cum-helpers engaged in the school as per GOI norms or as per State norms? |
|  | Out of 40 schools $8(20 \%)$ schools have reported that cook is appointed as per Government of India norms. |
| iv | Honorarium paid to cooks cum helpers. |
|  | All 40 (85\%) schools reported that cook is paid honorarium. Out of 40 schools 21 ( $27.5 \%$ ) reported that honorarium Rs. 1000 is paid to cook. |
| v | Mode of payment to cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | The mode of payment to cook is by Cheque in 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools and by cash in 1 (2.5\%) schools. |
| vi | Are the remuneration paid to cooks cum helpers regularly? |
|  | Out of 40 schools 36 (90\%) reported that cook is paid regularly. |
| vii | Social Composition of cooks cum helpers? (SC/ST/OBC/Minority) |
|  | Out of 40 schools 36 ( $90 \%$ ) schools engaged as cooks OBC persons, 3 (7.5\%) schools engaged SC person as cook. <br> Health check up of cook is done in $11(27.5 \%)$ schools. |
| viii | Is there any training module for cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | Training module is available in 7 (17.5\%) schools. |
| ix | Whether training has been provided to cook-cum-helpers? |
|  | Training to cook is provided in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools. In $35(87.5 \%)$ schools training is not provided nor is any training module available. |
| X | In case the meal is prepared and transported by the Centralized kitchen / NGO, whether cook-cum-helpers have been engaged to serve the meal to the children at school level. |
|  | If meal is prepared and transported by the Centralized kitchen / NGO, 15 (37.5\%) schools reported that cook-cum-helpers have been engaged to serve the meal to the children at school level. |
| xi | Whether health check-up of cook-cum-helpers has been done? |
|  | Health checkup of cook is done in 11 (27.5\%) schools. |

## 65. Regularity in Serving Meal

| i | Whether the school is serving hot cooked meal daily? If there was interruption, what |
| :--- | :--- | was the extent and reasons for the same?

Out of 40 schools hot cooked meal is served daily in 31 (77.5\%) schools.

## 66. Quality \&Quantity of Meal

Feedback from children on

| i | Quality of meal |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Quality of meal is good in 17 (42.5\%) schools, average in 21 (52.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Quantity of meal |
|  | Quantity of meal is sufficient in 22 (55\%) schools and insufficient in 18 (45\%) school. |
| iii | Quantity of pulses used in the meal per child. |
|  | Quantity of pulses per child is reported as 20 gm . in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, 25 gm . in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 30 gm . in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools, 37.5 gm . in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, 40 gm in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools, 50 gm . in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, $75-100 \mathrm{gm}$ in $1(2.5 \%)$ and 150 gm . in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| iv | Quantity of green leafy vegetables used in the meal per child. |
|  | Quantity of green leafy vegetable per child is given as $100-150 \mathrm{gm}$. in 13 (32.5\%) schools, $30-40 \mathrm{gm}$ in $8(20 \%)$ schools, $45-65 \mathrm{gms}$. in $8(20 \%)$ schools and $75-95 \mathrm{gm}$ in 4 (10\%). |
| v | Whether double fortified salt is used? |
|  | Double fortified salt is provided in 35 (87.5\%) schools. |
| vi | Acceptance of the meal amongst the children. |
|  | Out of 40 schools the children of 37 ( $92.5 \%$ ) schools have happily accepted and they are satisfied with the quantity. The children of $3(7.5 \%)$ schools did not accept the meal and quantity of meal was not satisfactory. |
| vii | Method / Standard gadgets / equipment for measuring the quantity of food to be cooked and served. |
|  | Standard Gadget measuring quantity is found in 23 (57.5\%) schools. |

## 67. Variety of Menu

| i | Who decides the menu? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools $27(67.5 \%)$ schools stated that menu is decided by authority, by VSS <br> in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools and by teacher in $9(22.5 \%)$ school. |
|  | Whether weekly menu is displayed at a prominent place noticeable to community, |
|  | It was observed that weekly menu was displayed in $40(100 \%)$ schools. |
| iii | Is the menu being followed uniformly? |
|  | Yes, Menu was followed uniformly in $40(100 \%)$ schools. |
| iv | Whether menu includes locally available ingredients? |
|  | Menu included local gradients in 40 (100\%) schools. |
| v | Whether menu provides required nutritional and calorific value per child? |
|  | Menu provides required nutritional and calorific value per child. The nutritional calorific <br> value was included in 40 (100\%) schools. |

## 68. Display of Information under Right to Education Act, 2009

| i <br> a) | Display of Information under Right to Education Act, 2009 at the school level at <br> prominent place <br> Quantity and date of food grains received |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of sampled schools, no school has provided information about the quantity of food <br> grain received and the date of receiving. As food grain in most cases is delivered <br> directly at the house of Pradhan and then comes to school as per daily requirement. |
| b) | Balance quantity of food grains utilized during the month. |
|  | Yes, balance quantity was utilized during the month |
| c) | Other ingredients purchased, utilized |
|  | Yes, other ingredients purchased, utilized |
| d) | Number of children given MDM |
|  | About 2391 children are given MDM in the district, out of which 2389 children taken <br> MDM on the day of Visit |
| e) | Daily menu displayed on notice board |
|  | Daily menu displayed on notice board in 31 (77.5\%) school |
| ii | Display of MDM logo at prominent place preferably outside wall of the school. |
|  | Out of 40 schools MDM logo was displayed in 31 (77.5\%) schools. |

## 69. Trends

Extent of variation (As per school records vis-à-vis Actual on the day of visit).

| i | Enrolment |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | The total enrolment of the sampled school is 4740 . |
| ii | The total enrolment of the sampled school is 4740 Out of total enrolment 2391 (50.44\%) students are given MDM |
|  | As per no. of children availing MDM is 2391. |
| iii | No. of children availing MDM as per MDM Register. |
|  | As per MDM register number of children availing MDM is 2389 (50.40\%) children availed MDM on the day of visit. |
| iv | No. of children actually availing MDM on the day of visit as per head count |
|  | Out of total enrolment 2389 (50.40\%) students are given MDM. |

## 70. Social Equity

| i | What is the system of serving and seating arrangements for eating? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools children were served meal sitting on ground in $34(85 \%)$ schools. |
| ii | Did you observe any gender or caste or community discrimination in cooking or serving <br> or seating arrangements? |
|  | No any discrimination of gender, caste or community was observed in cooking or <br> serving or seating arrangements. |
|  | The name of the school where discrimination found of any kind may be mentioned in <br> the main body of the report along with date of visit. |
|  | N.A. |
| iv | If any kind of social discrimination is found in the school, comments of the team may be <br> given in the inspection register of the school. |
|  | No any sort of social discrimination found |
| V | Comments in inspection Register |

## 71. Convergence With Other Scheme

| 1 | Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools convergence with SSA was found in $40(100 \%)$ schools. |
| 2 | School Health Programme <br> i |
|  | Is there school Health Card maintained for each child? <br> MDM was converged with health programme in $36(90 \%)$ schools. School health card <br> maintained in all 31 (77.5\%) schools |
| ii | What is the frequency of health check-up? |
|  | Frequency of health check up was yearly in 19 (47.5\%) school, half yearly in 7 (17.5\%) <br> schools, quarterly in 5 (12.5\%) schools. |
| iii | Whether children are given micronutrients (Iron, folic acid, vitamin - A dosage) |


|  | and de-worming medicine periodically? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Out of 40 schools micronutrients given in 27 (67.5\%) schools and de-worming medicine was given in 27 (67.5\%) schools. |
| iv | Who administers these medicines and at what frequency? |
|  | Out of 40 schools medicine is administered by Govt. doctors in 30 (75\%) schools. |
| v | Whether height and weight record of the children is being indicated in the school health card. |
|  | Yes, height and record of the children is being indicated in school health card of 27 (67.5\%) schools |
| vi | Whether any referral during the period of monitoring. |
|  | During the period of monitoring no referral was observed. |
| vii | Instances of medical emergency during the period of monitoring. |
|  | No instances of emergency were mentioned at district level. |
| viii | Availability of the first aid medical kit in the schools. |
|  | MI observed that first aid box is available in 21 (52.5\%) school. It was not available in 19 (47.5\%) schools. |
| ix | Dental and eye check-up included in the screening. |
|  | The district administration has mentioned that dental and eye check up is done in each and every school and spectacles were distributed to needy students. However, MI found that dental and eye check up was done in $28(70 \%)$ schools |
| x | Distribution of spectacles to children suffering from refractive error. |
|  | Spectacles to children suffering from refractive error distributed in 16 (40\%) schools. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & \mathrm{i} \end{aligned}$ | Drinking Water and Sanitation Programme |
|  | Whether potable water is available for drinking purpose in convergence with Drinking Water and Sanitation Programme. |
|  | Out of 40 schools potable water was available in 28 (70\%) schools. |
| 3 | MPLAD / MLA Scheme |
|  | Out of 40 schools drinking water scheme was sponsored by MPLAD in 1 (2.5\%) schools and by MLA in 5 (12.5\%) schools |
| 4 | Any Other Department / Scheme. |
|  | Out of 40 schools drinking water scheme was sponsored by Department in 2 (5\%) schools and by others in 7 ( $17.5 \%$ ) schools.. |

## 72. Infrastructure

| i a <br> i | Kitchen cum store <br> Is there a pucca kitchen shed-cum-store |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in $35(87.5 \%)$ schools. |
| ii | Constructed and in use |
|  | Out of 40 schools kitchen pucca shed is constructed in $35(87.5 \%)$ schools and it is in |


|  | use. |
| :---: | :---: |
| iii | Under which Scheme Kitchen-cum-store constructed -MDM/SSA/Others |
|  | The kitchen was constructed under MDM scheme in 15 (37.5\%) schools, under SSA in $14(35 \%)$ schools. $11(27.5 \%)$ schools have no information about under which kitchen shed was constructed. |
| iv | Constructed but not in use (Reasons for not using) |
|  | The entire kitchen constructed was in use. |
| v | Under construction |
|  | No kitchen shed was under construction. |
| vi | Sanctioned, but construction not started |
|  | Construction complete in all school |
| vii | Not sanctioned |
|  | All kitchen sheds were properly sanctioned |
| b | In case the pucca kitchen-cum-store is not available, where is the food being cooked and where the foodgrains /other ingredients are being stored? |
|  | Only 4 (10\%) school has reported to prepare MDM in other space. Food grains are stored in vss home in 6 (15\%) schools. |
| c | Kitchen-cum-store in hygienic condition, properly ventilated and away from classrooms. |
|  | MI observed that kitchen sheds are well ventilated in 8 (20\%) schools, away from class room 15 (37.5\%) schools and having hygienic condition in 23 ( $57.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| d | Whether MDM is being cooked by using firewood or LPG based cooking? |
|  | Out of 40 schools LPG was in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools and wood was used in 33 (82.5\%) schools. |
| e | Whether on any day there was interruption due to non-availability of firewood or LPG? |
|  | MDM was interrupted due to shortage of fuel in 5 (12.5\%) schools. |
| 2 | Whether cooking utensils are available in the school? |
|  | Out of 40 schools cooking utensils was available in 39 (97.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Source of funding for cooking and serving utensils - Kitchen Devices fund / MME / Community contribution / others. |
|  | Source of funding was by MME in 6 (15\%) schools and by others in 11 (27.5\%) schools. 23 ( $57.5 \%$ ) schools did not know from where cooking utensils were purchased. |
| ii | Whether eating plates etc. are available in the school? |
|  | Plates were available in 4 (10\%) schools. |
| iv | Source of funding for eating plates - MME / Community contribution / others? |
|  | The source of its funding was others in 2 (5\%) schools. |
| 3 | Kitchen Devices |
| $4$ | Availability of storage bins <br> Whether storage bins are available for food grains? If yes, what is the source of their procurement? |
|  | MI found storage bin was available only in 21 ( $52.5 \%$ ) schools. The source of funding was by MDM in $5(12.5 \%)$ school, by SSA in $2(5 \%)$ schools. 19 ( $47.5 \%$ ) storage bin |


|  | was not available. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5 | Toilets in the school Is separate toilet for the boys and girls are available? |
|  | Yes, separate toilet for the boys and girls are available in 32 (80\%) schools. |
| ii | Are toilets usable? |
|  | Toilets are usable in 32 (80\%) schools. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & i \end{aligned}$ | Availability of potable water Is Tap water / tube well / hand pump / Well / Jet pump available? |
|  | Potable water is available in 36 ( $90 \%$ ) schools. Out of which Hand pump was available in 27 (67.5\%) school and tube well was available in 6 (15\%) schools.. |
| ii | Any other source |
|  | Potable water is available in 3 (7.5\%) schools by other source. |
| 7 | Availability of fire extinguishers |
|  | Fire extinguishers were available in 37 (92.5\%) schools. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | 8. IT infrastructure availabie @ School level Number of computers available in the school (if any). |
|  | 1 computer available in 4 (10\%) schools and 6 computer available in 1 (2.5\%) school.. |
| b | Availability of internet connection (If any). |
|  | Internet connection was not available in any school. Some teachers were seen using their own internet. |
| c | Using any IT / IT enabled services based solutions / services (like e-learning etc.) (if any) |
|  | IT enable services were not used any school. |

## 73. Safety \& hygiene

| i | General Impression of the environment, Safety and hygiene: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The cooking process is safe in $29(72.5 \%)$ schools as they have proper ventilation. |
| ii | Are children encouraged to wash hands before and after eating |
|  | MI observed that children washed their hands before taking meals in $38(95 \%)$ schools. |
| iii | Do the children take meals in an orderly manner? |
|  | Children take meal in orderly manner in $40(100 \%)$ schools. |
| iv | Conservation of water? |
|  | MI observed that children conserve water in $39(97.5 \%)$ schools. |
| v | Is the cooking process and storage of fuel safe, not posing any fire hazard? |
|  | The cooking process is safe in $29(72.5 \%)$ schools. |

## 74. Community Particiption

| i | Extent of participation by Parents / SMC / VEC / Panchayats / Urban bodies in daily |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | supervision and monitoring.

MI found that parents participation in supervision and monitoring was on daily basis in $3(7.5 \%)$ schools, on monthly basis in $11(27.5 \%)$ schools, rarely in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools and weekly basis in 7 (17.5\%) schools. SMC/VEC participation on daily basis in 5

|  | ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools, monthly in 12 (30\%) schools, rarely in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools and on weekly basis in $6(15 \%)$ schools. Panchayat participation was on daily basis in $4(10 \%)$ school, monthly basis in 14 ( $35 \%$ ) schools, rarely in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools and weekly in 4 ( $10 \%$ ) schools. Urban body participation was on daily basis in $2(5 \%)$ schools, monthly 7 ( $17.5 \%$ ) schools and rarely in 5 ( $12.5 \%$ ) schools. |
| :---: | :---: |
| ii | Is any roster of community members being maintained for supervision of the MDM? |
|  | School roster of community members for supervision of the MDM was maintained in 17 (42.5\%). |
| iii | Is there any social audit mechanism in the school? |
|  | As per the district information social audit mechanism exists in every school. But MI observed that social audit mechanism existed in 35 ( $87.5 \%$ ) schools where jan wachan about MDM was practiced. |
| iv | Number of meetings of SMC held during the monitoring period. |
|  | SMC meeting held once in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools, twice in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 3 times in 1 $(2.5 \%)$ schools, 4 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ school, 5 times in $6(15 \%)$ school, 6 times in 16 ( $40 \%$ ) schools, 7 time in $2(5 \%)$ school, 8 times in $2(5 \%)$ schools, 9 times in $2(5 \%)$ schools, and 12 times in $1(2.5 \%)$ schools. |
| v | In how many of these meetings issues related to MDM were discussed? |
|  | The issue of MDM was discussed twice in 5 (12.5\%) schools, 3 times in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools, 4 times in 3 ( $7.5 \%$ ) schools, 5 times in 4 (10\%) school, 6 times in 13 ( $32.5 \%$ ) schools, 7 times in 2 (5\%) schools, 9 times in 1 (2.5\%) schools, and 12 times in 1 ( $2.5 \%$ ) schools |

## 75. Inspection and Supervision

| i | Is there any Inspection Register available at school level? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Inspection register was available in 29 (72.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Whether school has received any funds under MME component? |
|  | $17(42.5 \%)$ schools have received funds under MME component |
|  | Whether State / District / Block level officers / officials inspecting the MDM Scheme? |
|  | The inspection was done by block level officers in 23 (57.5\%) schools, district officers <br> in $5(12.5 \%)$ schools, MDM office inspector in 8 (20\%) schools and by state officers in <br> $1(2.5 \%)$ school. |
| iv | The frequency of such inspections?The frequency of such inspections was more than thrice in a month in 13 (32.5\%) schools, <br> once in $8(20 \%)$ schools, thrice in $4(10 \%)$ schools and twice in $6(15 \%)$ schools. |

## 76. Impact

| i | Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance, retention of children in school? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | MDM has improved enrolment in 35 (87.5\%) schools, improved attendance in 35 <br> $(87.5 \%)$ schools, and improved retention in 35 (87.5\%) schools. |
| ii | Whether mid day meal has helped in improvement of the social harmony? |


|  | Yes, it has improved social harmony in improve enrolment, improved attendance and in <br> improved retention schools. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Whether mid day meal has helped in improvement of the nutritional status of the children? |
|  | Yes, MDM has improved nutritional status in $39(97.5 \%)$ schools. |
| iv | Is there any other incidental benefit due to serving of meal in schools? |
|  | No incidental benefit was observed due to serving of meal in schools. |

## 77. Grievance Redressal Mechanism

| i | Is any grievance redressal mechanism in the district for MDMS? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Grievance redressal mechanism was seen $37(92.5 \%)$ sampled schools. |
| ii | Whether the district / block / school having any toll free number? |
|  | Toll free number was available in 39 (97.5\%) schools. |

